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# DRAGON SPIRIT

**Operators  
Manual**  
with Illustrated Parts Lists



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You may void the game warranty (printed on the inside back cover of this manual) if you do any of the following:

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This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy, and if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause interference to radio communications. It has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A computing device pursuant to Subpart J of Part 15 of Federal Communications Commission (FCC) Rules, which are designed to provide reasonable protection against such interference when operated in a commercial environment. Operation of this equipment in a residential area or modification to this equipment is likely to cause interference, in which case the user, at his own expense, will be required to take whatever measures may be required to correct the interference. If you suspect interference from an ATARI® game at your location, check the following:

- All ground wires in the game are properly connected as shown in the game wiring diagram.
- The power cord is properly plugged into a grounded three-wire outlet.
- On games provided with an Electromagnetic Interference (EMI) ground plane, be sure the game printed-circuit boards (PCBs) are properly installed on the EMI Ground Plane. If you are still unable to solve the interference problem, please contact Customer Service at Atari Games Corporation. See the inside front cover of this manual for service in your area.

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# Safety Summary

The following safety precautions apply to all game operators and service personnel. Specific warnings and cautions will be found throughout this manual where they apply.

## ⚠ WARNING ⚠

**Properly Ground the Game.** Players may receive an electrical shock if this game is not properly grounded! To avoid electrical shock, do not plug in the game until it has been inspected and properly grounded. This game should only be plugged into a grounded three-wire outlet. If you have only a 2-wire outlet, we recommend you hire a licensed electrician to install a grounded outlet. Players may receive an electrical shock if the control panel is not properly grounded! After servicing any parts on the control panel, check that the grounding wire is firmly secured to the inside of the control panel. Only then should you lock up the game.

**AC Power Connection.** Before connecting the game to the AC power source, verify that the game's power supply is properly configured for the line voltage in your location.

**Disconnect Power During Repairs.** To avoid electrical shock, disconnect the game from the AC power source before removing or repairing any part of the game. When removing or repairing the video display, extra precautions must be taken to avoid electrical shock because high voltages may exist within the display circuitry and cathode-ray tube (CRT) even after power has been disconnected. Do not touch internal parts of the display with your hands or with metal objects! Always discharge the high voltage from the CRT before servicing this area of the game. To discharge the CRT: Attach one end of a large, well-insulated, 18-gauge jumper wire to ground. Momentarily touch the free end of the grounded jumper to the CRT anode by sliding it under the anode cap. Wait two minutes and discharge the anode again.

**Use Only ATARI Parts.** To maintain the safety integrity of your ATARI game, do not use non-ATARI parts when repairing the game. Use of non-ATARI parts or other modifications to the game circuitry may adversely affect the safety of your game, and injure you or your players.

**Handle the CRT With Care.** If you drop the CRT and it breaks, it may implode! Shattered glass can fly six feet or more from the implosion.

**Use the Proper Fuses.** To avoid electrical shock, use replacement fuses which are specified in the parts list for this game. Replacement fuses must match those replaced in fuse type, voltage rating, and current rating. In addition, the fuse cover must be in place during game operation.

## CAUTION

**Properly Attach All Connectors.** Make sure that the connectors on each printed-circuit board (PCB) are properly plugged in. Note that they are keyed to fit only one way. If they do not slip on easily, do not force them. A reversed connector may damage your game and void the warranty.

**Ensure the Proper AC Line Frequency.** Video games manufactured for operation on 60 Hz line power (i.e., United States) must not be operated in countries with 50 Hz line power (i.e., Europe). The fluorescent light ballast transformer will overheat, causing a potential fire hazard if 60 Hz games are operated on power lines using 50 Hz. Check the product identification label of your game for the line frequency required.

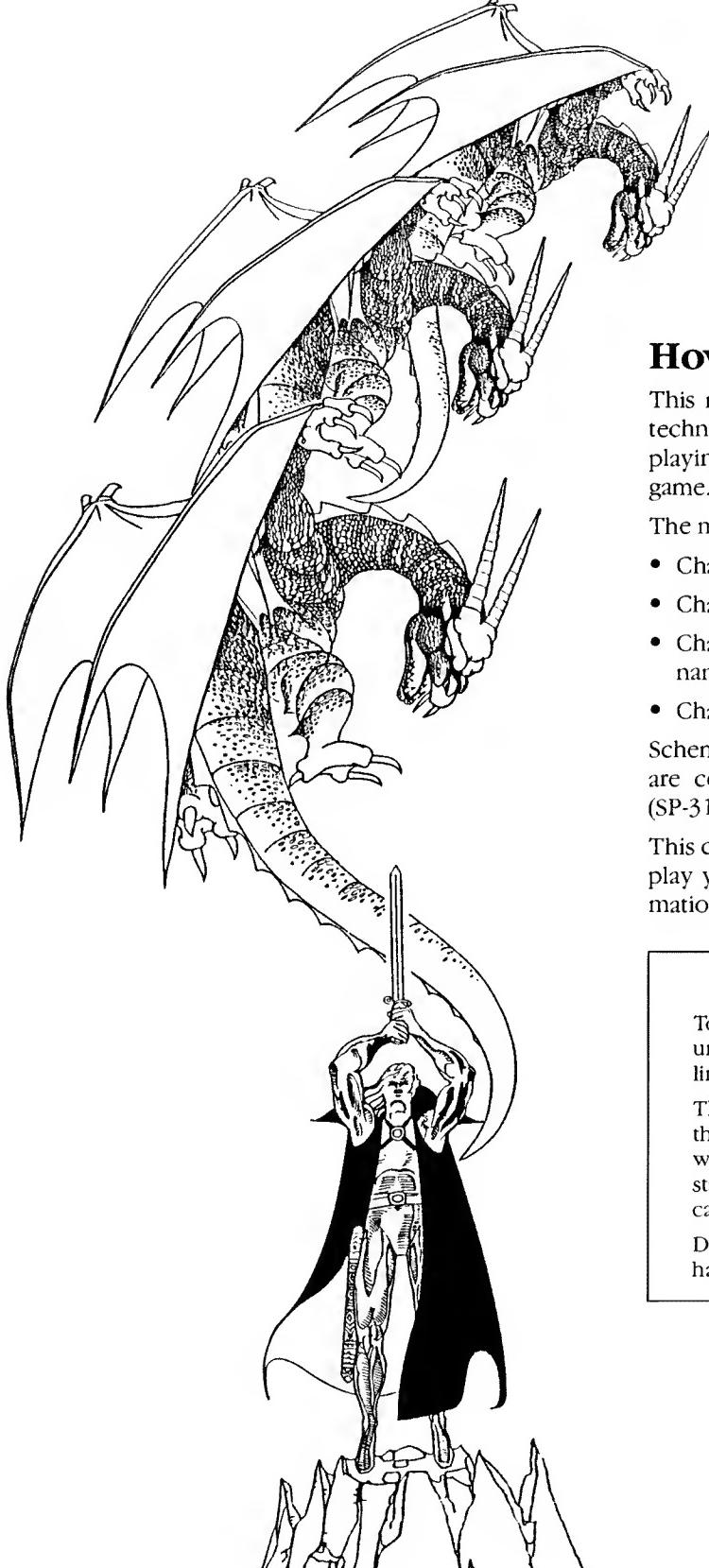
## ABOUT NOTES, CAUTIONS, AND WARNINGS

In all Atari publications, notes, cautions, and warnings have the following meaning:

**NOTE**—A highlighted piece of information.

**CAUTION**—Equipment and/or parts can be damaged or destroyed if instructions are not followed. You will void the warranty on Atari printed-circuit boards, parts thereon, and video displays if equipment or parts are damaged or destroyed due to failure of following instructions.

**WARNING**—Players and/or technicians can be injured or killed if instructions are not followed. (The word **WARNING** is always surrounded by international warning symbols—triangles with exclamation marks inside of them.)



## Chapter 1

# Set-Up

### How to Use This Manual

This manual is written for game operators and service technicians, and provides information for setting up, playing, testing, and maintaining your Dragon Spirit\* game.

The manual is divided into the following chapters:

- Chapter 1 contains set-up and game play information.
- Chapter 2 contains self-test procedures.
- Chapter 3 contains preventive and corrective maintenance procedures.
- Chapter 4 contains illustrated parts lists.

Schematic diagrams for the Dragon Spirit game circuitry are contained in the *Schematic Package Supplement* (SP-310) included with your game.

This chapter includes information required to set up and play your Dragon Spirit game. Carefully read this information before applying power to the game.

#### ▲ WARNING ▲

To avoid electrical shock, do not plug in the cabinet until it has been properly inspected and set up for the line voltage in your area.

This cabinet should only be connected to a grounded three-wire outlet. If you have only a two-wire outlet, we recommend you hire a licensed electrician to install a grounded outlet. Players can receive an electrical shock if the game is not properly grounded.

Do not touch internal parts of the display with your hands or with metal objects.

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## Inspecting the Game

### CAUTION

Do not plug in the game until you have completed the following inspection steps.

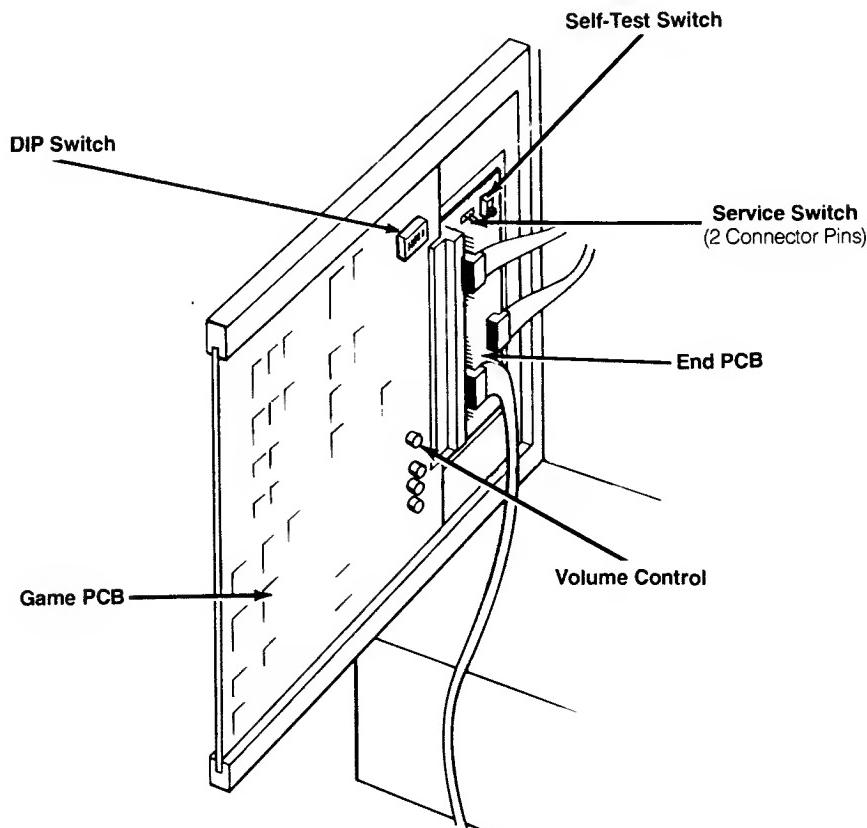
Please inspect your Dragon Spirit game carefully to ensure that the game is complete and delivered to you in good condition. Figure 4-1 shows the locations of the component parts of the game. Table 1-1 lists space, power, and environmental requirements.

1. Examine the exterior of the cabinet and the control panel for dents, chips, or broken parts.
2. Use a Phillips screwdriver to remove the screws holding the rear access panel to the cabinet. Unlock and remove the panel. Unlock and open both coin doors. Inspect the interior of the cabinet as follows:
  - a. Ensure that all plug-in connectors (on the cabinet harnesses) are firmly plugged in. Do not force connectors together. The connectors are keyed so they only fit in the proper orientation.

- b. Ensure that all plug-in integrated circuits on each PCB are firmly plugged into their sockets.
- c. Inspect the power cord for any cuts or dents in the insulation.
- d. Inspect the power supply. Make sure that the correct fuses are installed. Check that the harness is plugged in correctly and that the fuse-block cover is mounted in place. Check that the green ground wire is connected.
- e. Inspect other major subassemblies, such as the video display, printed-circuit boards (PCBs), control, and speaker. Make sure that they are mounted securely and that the green ground wires are connected.
- f. Make sure that the game power source and operating environment is within the limits specified in Table 1-1, Game Specifications.

## Control and Switch Locations

The following control and switch descriptions are for the Dragon Spirit game. Refer to Figure 1-1 for the locations of the controls and switches.



**Figure 1-1 Control and Switch Locations**

**Table 1-1 Game Specifications**

Characteristic	Specification
Power Consumption	164 V-A, 118 W RMS maximum
Temperature	+ 5° to + 38° C (+ 37° to + 100° F)
Humidity	Not to exceed 95% relative
Line Voltage	102 to 132 VAC (U.S. games)
Width	23½ in. (61 cm)
Depth	32½ in. (81 cm)
Height	70½ in. (178 cm)
Weight	265 lbs. (120 kg)

### Power On/Off Switch

The power on/off switch is located at the bottom rear of the cabinet. (See Figure 4-1.)

### Volume Control

The volume control is located in the lower right corner of the Game PCB. The PCB is attached to the lower right side of the cabinet. The volume control adjusts the level of sound produced by the game.

### Coin Counter

The coin counter is located on the shelf behind the upper coin door. The coin counter records the number of coins deposited.

### Self-Test Switch

The game can be put in the Self-Test Mode to check game operation by turning on one of the two existing self-test switches. One self-test switch is located on the End PCB, connected to the front of the Game PCB. Both PCBs are attached to the lower right side of the cabinet.

A second self-test switch (switch 1) is located on the dual-in-line-package (DIP) switch in the upper right corner of the Game PCB. Turning on switch 1 also selects the Self-Test Mode. (With the PCB installed in the cabinet, slide the button down for *on*.) Refer to Chapter 2 for a complete description of self-test operation.

### Service Switch

The service switch (a two-pin header connector) is located next to the self-test switch on the End PCB. The End PCB is connected to the front of the Game PCB, and both PCBs are attached to the lower right side of the cabinet. This switch has two functions, depending on whether the game is in the Self-Test Mode:

1. The switch is used as a coin switch when the game is not in the Self-Test Mode. Shorting the two connector pins together gives the game one credit.

2. In the Self-Test Mode, the switch is used to advance to the next test screen by shorting the two connector pins together.

### NOTE

If these two connector pins are left touching, the game may give free credits.

## Setting the Coin and Game Option Settings

The Dragon Spirit coin and game options are set in the Self-Test Mode. Refer to Chapter 2 for the recommended settings and the procedure for setting the options.

### Game Play

This section of the manual describes the theme of the Dragon Spirit game and the game play features.

### Introduction

Turn back the hands of time and journey to a fantasy kingdom where mythical beasts and wild creatures roam the land. After a millennium of captivity, an ugly serpent demon named Zawell escapes imprisonment and kidnaps beautiful Alicia, princess to the Kingdom of Mitgult.

A young, but crafty soldier, Amul is selected to rescue the princess and destroy Zawell. In praying to the gods for strength and courage, he points his sword high toward the heavens. Suddenly he is transformed into an all-powerful blue dragon, bestowed with special powers.

### Game Play

Dragon Spirit is a one- or two-player game that is well-suited for all locations. An eight-way joystick allows players to swoop and dodge through a constant onslaught of hungry, feasting predators. One button exercises a lethal air attack; the other a vicious ground assault. As a single-headed dragon, he becomes weary in battle and cannot attack both air and ground simultaneously. Bombing and obtaining the contents of blue eggs provide the growth of additional heads and simultaneous air/ground attack.

Red eggs reward the player with incremental firing power. At the conclusion of each of nine areas lies a mighty beast who guards the path to Zawell and the princess. Obtaining additional heads and firepower makes the difference between a long, tiresome battle and a quick, effortless one.

A level-select feature allows players the option of four starting points for maximum earning potential:

Area 1: a one-headed dragon

Area 2: a two-headed dragon

Area 3: a two-headed dragon and 2 times the firepower

Area 4: a two-headed dragon and 3 times the firepower

In addition, players are encouraged to continue their games by granting a three-headed dragon. This is a new innovation to the already popular add-a-coin, buy-in feature.

## Chapter 2

# Self-Test



The Dragon Spirit\* game tests itself and provides visual and audible indications of the condition of the game circuitry. Self-test information is displayed on the screen and through the sound system. No additional equipment is required.

We suggest that you perform a self-test when you first set up the game, each time you collect the money, or when you suspect game failure. Coin and game options are selected in the Self-Test Mode.

Five self-test screens provide information pertaining to the game circuits. The tests are arranged in the sequence in which they occur after the self-test switch is turned on.

When the self-test switch is turned on, and then the game power is turned on, the game enters the full Self-Test Mode. During this full self-test, a complete RAM/ROM test is performed before displaying the Game Options screen. If the self-test switch is turned on when the game is in the Attract Mode, the game enters a shorter Self-Test Mode. Turning the self-test switch off at any time during the Self-Test Mode causes the game to return to the Attract Mode.

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## Self-Test Switches

The game can be put in the Self-Test Mode to check game operation by turning on one of two existing self-test switches. One self-test switch is located on the End PCB, connected to the front of the Game PCB. Both PCBs are attached to the lower right side of the cabinet. (See Figure 1-1.)

A second self-test switch (switch 1) is located on the dual-in-line-package (DIP) switch in the upper right corner of the Game PCB. Turning on switch 1 also selects the Self-Test Mode. (With the PCB installed in the cabinet, slide the button down for *on*.)

## Service Switch

The service switch (a two-pin header connector) is located next to the self-test switch on the End PCB. The End PCB is connected to the front of the Game PCB, and both PCBs are attached to the lower right side of the cabinet. This switch has two functions, depending on whether the game is in the Self-Test Mode:

1. The switch is used as a coin switch when the game is not in the Self-Test Mode. Shorting the two connector pins together gives the game one credit.
2. In the Self-Test Mode, the switch is used to advance to the next test screen by shorting the two connector pins together.

### NOTE

If these two connector pins are left touching, the game may give free credits.

## Types of Self-Tests

The Dragon Spirit self-test consists of the following screens: Game Options, Switch Test, Sound Test, Cross-hatch Test, and Color Test.

### NOTE

For all subsequent tests in the self-test, the following summarizes the functions of the joystick control and switches:

- The joystick up/down movement selects choices.
- The joystick left/right movement changes the item setting.
- The two-pin connector (service switch) sequences to the next self-test.
- The Fire button starts the item sound in the Sound Test.

## RAM/ROM Test

When the self-test switch is turned on, and then the game power is turned on, the game enters the full Self-Test Mode. During this mode a complete RAM/ROM test is performed.

The RAM Test indicates the condition of the game RAM and the custom integrated circuits (ICs). The ROM Test indicates the condition of the game's ROM circuitry. If these tests pass, no screen message is displayed, and the game proceeds directly to the Game Options Screen.

If the RAM or any of the custom ICs fail, the message *RAM x ERROR* or *I/O ERROR 64* is displayed. If any of the ROMs fail, the screen displays the message *ROM x ERROR* (see Table 2-1 for all RAM/ROM error messages).

## Game Options Screen

The Game Options screen is shown in Figure 2-1. This screen indicates the current settings of the coin and game options, and is also used to change these settings. Table 2-2 lists the available options and the default (recommended) settings.

### Coin and Credit Options

The current coin and credit option settings are displayed on the screen as:

<i>COIN1</i>	<i>1 COIN</i>
	<i>1 CREDIT</i>
<i>COIN2</i>	<i>1 COIN</i>
	<i>1 CREDIT</i>

These are the default (recommended) settings for coin mechanisms 1 (left) and 2 (right). The available coin and credit options are as follows:

Coin 1: 1 to 9 Coin(s) for 1 to 9 Credit(s)  
 Coin 2: 1 to 9 Coin(s) for 1 to 9 Credit(s)

The coin and credit options can be changed by moving the joystick left/right.

### Attract Mode Music Setting

The Attract Mode Music setting indicates that music is selected when the game is in the attract mode. This setting is displayed on the screen as:

*ATTRACT SOUND*

The default (recommended) setting has the sound on. The sound can be turned off by moving the joystick left/right.

**Table 2-1 RAM/ROM Error Messages**

<b>NOTE</b>	
ROM PCB is the larger circuit board.	
<b>Error Message</b>	<b>Possible Bad Integrated Circuit</b>
ROM 0 ERROR	ROM at location H10 on the ROM PCB
ROM 1 ERROR	ROM at location K10 on the ROM PCB
ROM 2 ERROR	ROM at location L10 on the ROM PCB
ROM 3 ERROR	ROM at location M10 on the ROM PCB
ROM 4 ERROR	ROM at location N10 on the ROM PCB
ROM 5 ERROR	ROM at location P10 on the ROM PCB
ROM 6 ERROR	ROM at location S10 on the ROM PCB
ROM 7 ERROR	ROM at location T10 on the ROM PCB
RAM 1 ERROR*	RAM at location B2, D2, or E2 on the CPU PCB
RAM 2 ERROR	RAM at location D6 or E6 on the CPU PCB
RAM 3 ERROR	RAM at location S5 on the CPU PCB
RAM 4 ERROR	RAM at location H1 on the CPU PCB
RAM 5 ERROR	RAM at location L5 on the CPU PCB
RAM 6 ERROR*	RAM at location B2, D2, or E2 on the CPU PCB
RAM 7 ERROR	RAM at location D6, or E6 on the CPU PCB
I/O ERROR 64**	RAM at location H1 on the CPU PCB, or the I/O Processor at location M4 on the ROM PCB

\*Either of these error messages may be accompanied by a four-digit number. Look at the first of the four lines and ignore the bottom three lines. Also ignore the fact that the entire screen may be upside down. This four-digit number may indicate one specific integrated circuit is bad, as follows:

If the number is between 0002 and 0802, this indicates location B2. If ABCD is between 0804 and 1002, this indicates location D2. If ABCD is between 1004 and 1802, this indicates location E2.

\*\*If this error message is accompanied by a four-digit number, look at its left two digits. If those digits are 02, this indicates the RAM at location H1 is bad. If those digits are not 02, this indicates the I/O Processor at location M4 is bad.

### Cabinet Type Setting

The Cabinet Type setting indicates that the cabinet is the normal, upright type with one set of player controls. This setting is displayed on the screen as:

TYPE C

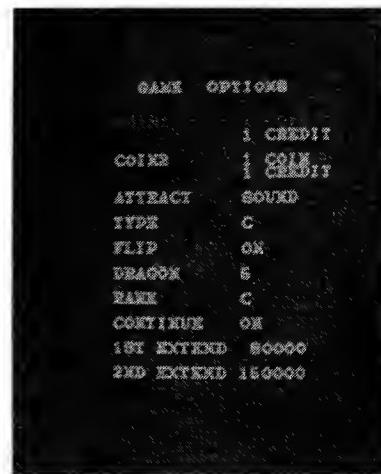
Do not change this default (recommended) setting.

### Video Display Orientation Setting

The Video Display Orientation setting is displayed on the screen as:

FLIP ON

Do not change this default (recommended) setting.

**Figure 2-1 Game Options Screen****Table 2-2 Game Option Settings**

<b>Option Name</b>	<b>Available Settings</b>
Coins to start (Coin Mech 1 or left one)	1 ▲, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9 Coin(s) for 1 ▲, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9 Credit(s)
Coins to start (Coin Mech 2 or right one)	1 ▲, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9 Coin(s) for 1 ▲, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9 Credit(s)
Music in attract mode	Sound ▲ Off
Cabinet type	A B C ▲
Video display orientation ("flip")	On ▲ Off
Starting lives (dragons) per game	2 3 ▲ 4 5
Game difficulty ("rank")	A (Medium) B (Hard) C (Easy) ▲
Game continuation with add-a-coin	On ▲ Off
First extra life	40,000 points 80,000 points ▲ 120,000 points
Second extra life	150,000 points 200,000 points ▲ 250,000 points

▲ Manufacturer's recommended settings

## Starting Lives Setting

The Starting Lives setting indicates the number of lives granted when game play begins, and is displayed on the screen as:

*DRAGON* 3

3 lives is the default (recommended) setting. The setting can be changed to 2, 4, or 5 lives by moving the joystick left/right.

## Game Difficulty Setting

The Game Difficulty setting indicates the difficulty level of the game, and is displayed on the screen as:

*RANK* C

C (easy) is the default (recommended) setting. The setting can be changed to A (medium) or B (hard) by moving the joystick left/right.

## Game Continuation Setting

The Game Continuation setting indicates game continuation with the add-a-coin feature. This setting is displayed on the screen as:

*CONTINUE* ON

On is the default (recommended) setting. The setting can be changed to Off by moving the joystick left/right.

## Extra Life Settings

The Extra Life settings indicate when first and second extra lives are granted, and are displayed on the screen as:

*1ST EXTEND* 80,000

80,000 points is the default (recommended) setting for the first extra life. The setting can be changed to 40,000 or 120,000 points by moving the joystick left/right.

*2ND EXTEND* 200,000

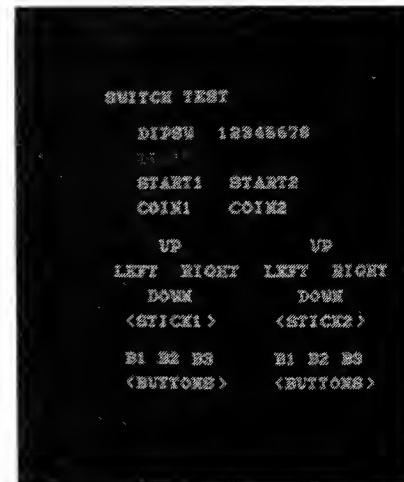
200,000 is the default (recommended) setting for the second extra life. The setting can be changed to 150,000 or 250,000 points by moving the joystick left/right.

## Switch Test

The Switch Test screen is shown in Figure 2-2. This test indicates the current DIP switch settings, and tests the self-test switch, start switches, coin mechanisms, player control, and buttons.

### NOTE

When the switch/control is displayed in red, the switch/control is on. White indicates that the switch/control is off.



**Figure 2-2 Switch Test Screen**

## DIP Switch Settings

The Dragon Spirit game has one DIP option switch at location 3A on the Game PCB. (See Figure 1-1.) The DIP Switch settings indicate the current settings of the DIP Switch, and are displayed on the screen as:

*DIPSW* 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8

The row of numbers refers to switches 1 through 8 on Switch A. When the switch number is displayed in red, the switch is on. When the number is white, the switch is off.

### NOTE

All eight switches should be turned off for game play. Switch 1 should be turned on only when using it as the self-test switch to enter the Self-Test Mode.

To change the settings, use a pen or a sharp-pointed instrument to slide the appropriate small buttons to different settings. With the Game PCB installed in the cabinet, slide the button down for *on* and up for *off*.

## Self-Test Switch

The Self-Test Switch setting indicates the condition of the self-test switch and is displayed on the screen as:

*TESTSW* (This switch is always on in the Self-Test Mode.)

## Start Switch

The Start Switch setting indicates the condition of the two black-cap LED Start switches, and is displayed on the screen as:

*START1* *START2*

## Coin Mechanisms

The Coin Mechanisms setting indicates the condition of the left and right coin mechanisms and is displayed on the screen as:

*COIN1      COIN2*

*COIN1* refers to the left mechanism and *COIN2* the right mechanism.

## Joystick

The Joystick setting indicates the condition of the joystick and is displayed on the screen as:

*UP  
LEFT      RIGHT  
DOWN  
(STICK1)*

Moving the joystick up/down or left/right displays that position in red. *STICK2* or joystick 2 is not used in Dragon Spirit.

## Fire and Bomb Buttons

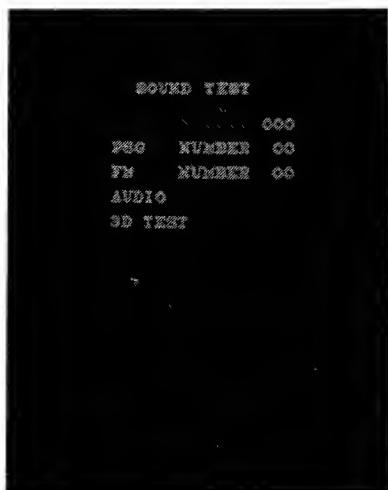
The Fire and Bomb button setting indicates the condition of the Fire and Bomb buttons and is displayed on the screen as:

*B1    B2    B3  
(BUTTONS)*

*B1* is the red Fire button and *B2* is the yellow Bomb button. *B3* is not used in Dragon Spirit.

## Sound Test

The Sound Test screen is shown in Figure 2-3. This screen indicates the condition of the sound-effects circuitry (when sound is selected in the Attract Mode setting). This test is displayed on the screen as:



**Figure 2-3 Sound Test Screen**

*VOICE NUMBER    000*

*PSG NUMBER    00*

*FM NUMBER    00*

*AUDIO*

*3D TEST*

Voice number indicates the one voice phrase in the game. PSG Number indicates sound effect, and FM number indicates music. Audio tests the channels. (In Dragon Spirit one speaker is used for both channels.) The 3D Test is not used.

Moving the joystick up/down or left/right selects the different item number. Pressing the Fire button starts the selected sound.

## Crosshatch Test

The Crosshatch screen is shown in Figure 2-4. This screen indicates the condition of the video display size and linearity, and is used to adjust both.

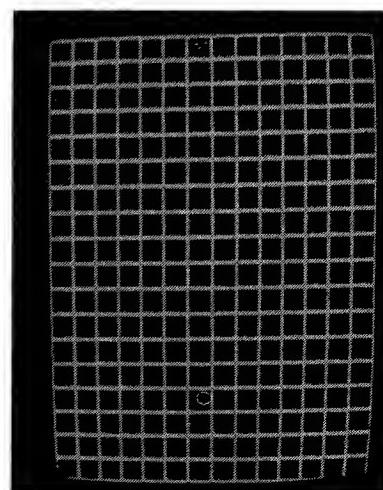
The grid pattern should be white. Check this pattern for the following characteristics:

- The four corners of the frame around the grid pattern should touch all four corners of the screen.
- The grid lines should exhibit no pincushioning or barreling.

Refer to the display manual included with your game for more detailed adjustment procedures or to determine possible cause of failure.

## Color Test

The Color Test screen is shown in Figure 2-5. This screen indicates the condition of the video display color circuits, and is used to adjust the color and brightness.



**Figure 2-4 Crosshatch Test Screen**



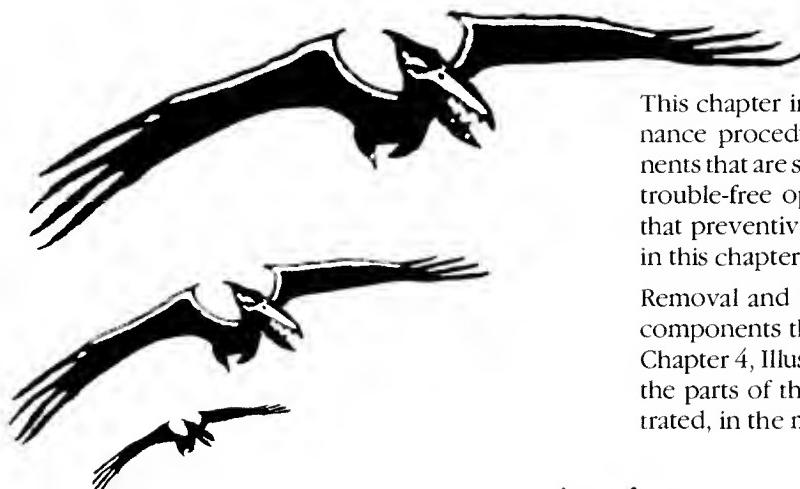
**Figure 2-5 Color Test Screen**

There should be four vertical bars of white, blue, green, and red. The bars should be brightest at the top of the screen, and darkest (black) at the bottom. The middle of the bars are dim.

If the display characteristics are not correct, refer to the display manual included with your game for the color-gun adjustment procedure, or to determine the possible cause of failure.

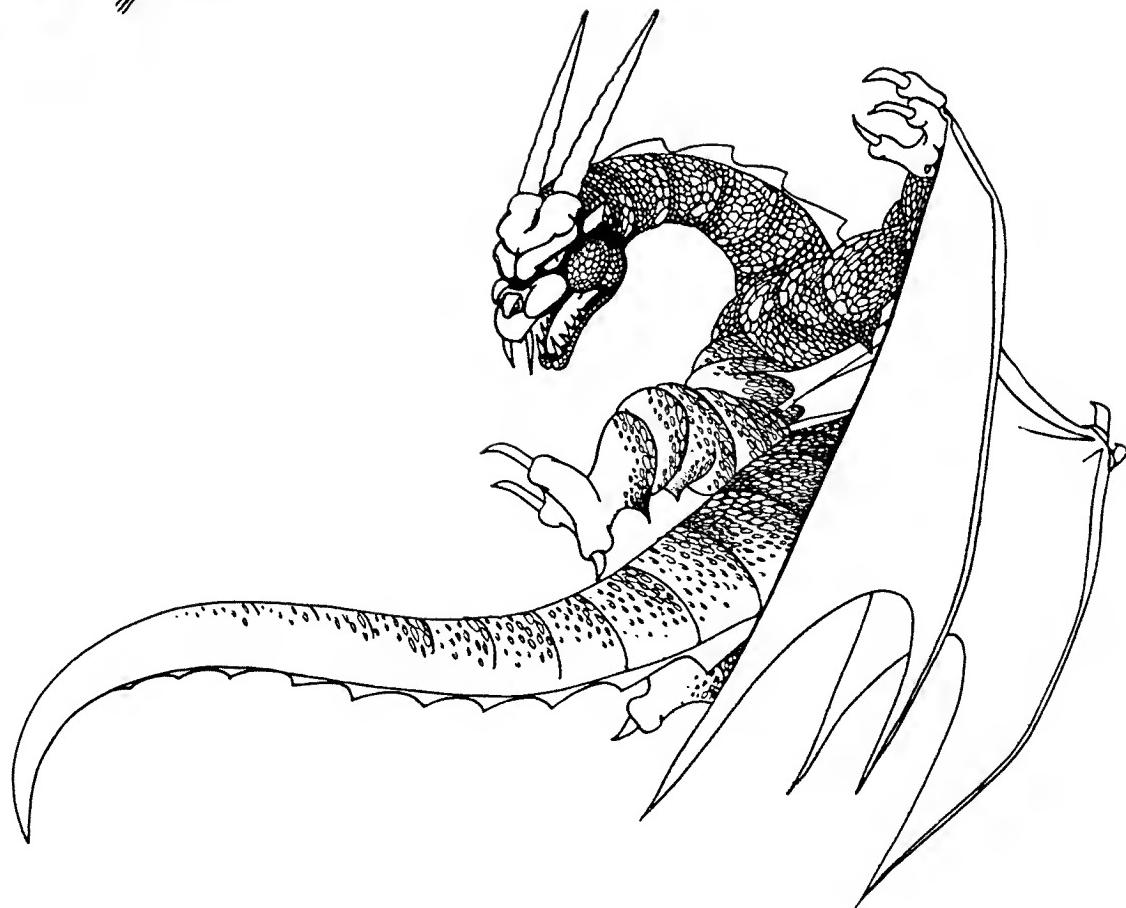
## Chapter 3

# Maintenance



This chapter includes preventive and corrective maintenance procedures for the Dragon Spirit game components that are subject to the most use. To assure maximum trouble-free operation from this game, we recommend that preventive maintenance be performed as described in this chapter.

Removal and replacement procedures are provided for components that might require corrective maintenance. Chapter 4, Illustrated Parts Lists, can also be used to locate the parts of this game that are mentioned, but not illustrated, in the maintenance procedures.



# Preventive Maintenance

Preventive maintenance includes cleaning, lubricating, and tightening hardware. How often preventive maintenance is performed depends upon the game environment and frequency of play. However, for those components listed in Table 3-1 Preventive-Maintenance Intervals, we recommend that preventive maintenance be performed at the intervals specified.

## Preventive-Maintenance Intervals

The preventive-maintenance intervals specified in Table 3-1 are the recommended minimum requirements for the components listed.

### **WARNING**

To avoid possible electrical shock, turn off the game before performing any maintenance procedures.

## Removing the Control Panel

Perform the following procedure to remove/replace the control panel. (See Figure 3-3.)

1. Unlock and open the upper coin door and the front access panel.
2. Carefully reach up through the upper coin door opening and release the two spring draw latches located under the control panel on each side of the cabinet.
3. Grasp the control panel on the top edge (next to the display shield) and gently tilt the panel up slightly. Remove the panel from the front edge of the cabinet. Stand the control panel on its back edge by placing it in the wood slots located under the control panel on each side of the cabinet. The panel is now in position for servicing the leaf switches or the joystick control.
4. If you need to remove the control panel, disconnect the control harness connector from the Game PCB.
5. Carefully lift the control panel from the cabinet.
6. Replace the control panel in the reverse order of removal.

**Table 3-1 Recommended Preventive-Maintenance Intervals**

<b>Joystick Control</b>	Lubricate and tighten hardware at least every three months.
<b>Coin Mechanism</b>	Inspect whenever you collect coins. Clean at least every three months.

## Cleaning the Push-Button Leaf Switches

Perform the following procedure to clean the push-button leaf switch contacts and tighten the securing hardware. (See Figure 3-1.)

1. Follow the procedure described in steps 1–3 above for removing the control panel.
2. Use electrical contact cleaner to clean the contacts. Do not burnish them. When the push button is pressed, the wiping action of the cross-bar contacts provides a self-cleaning feature.
3. Using a  $1\frac{5}{16}$ -inch open-end wrench, tighten the stamped nut securing the pushbutton leaf switch to the control panel.

## Cleaning the Coin Mechanism

Use a soft-bristled brush to remove loose dust or foreign material from the coin mechanism. A toothbrush can be used to remove any stubborn build-up of residue in the coin path. After cleaning the coin mechanism, blow out all of the dust with compressed air.

## Cleaning the Interior Components

Perform the following procedure to clean the components inside the cabinet.

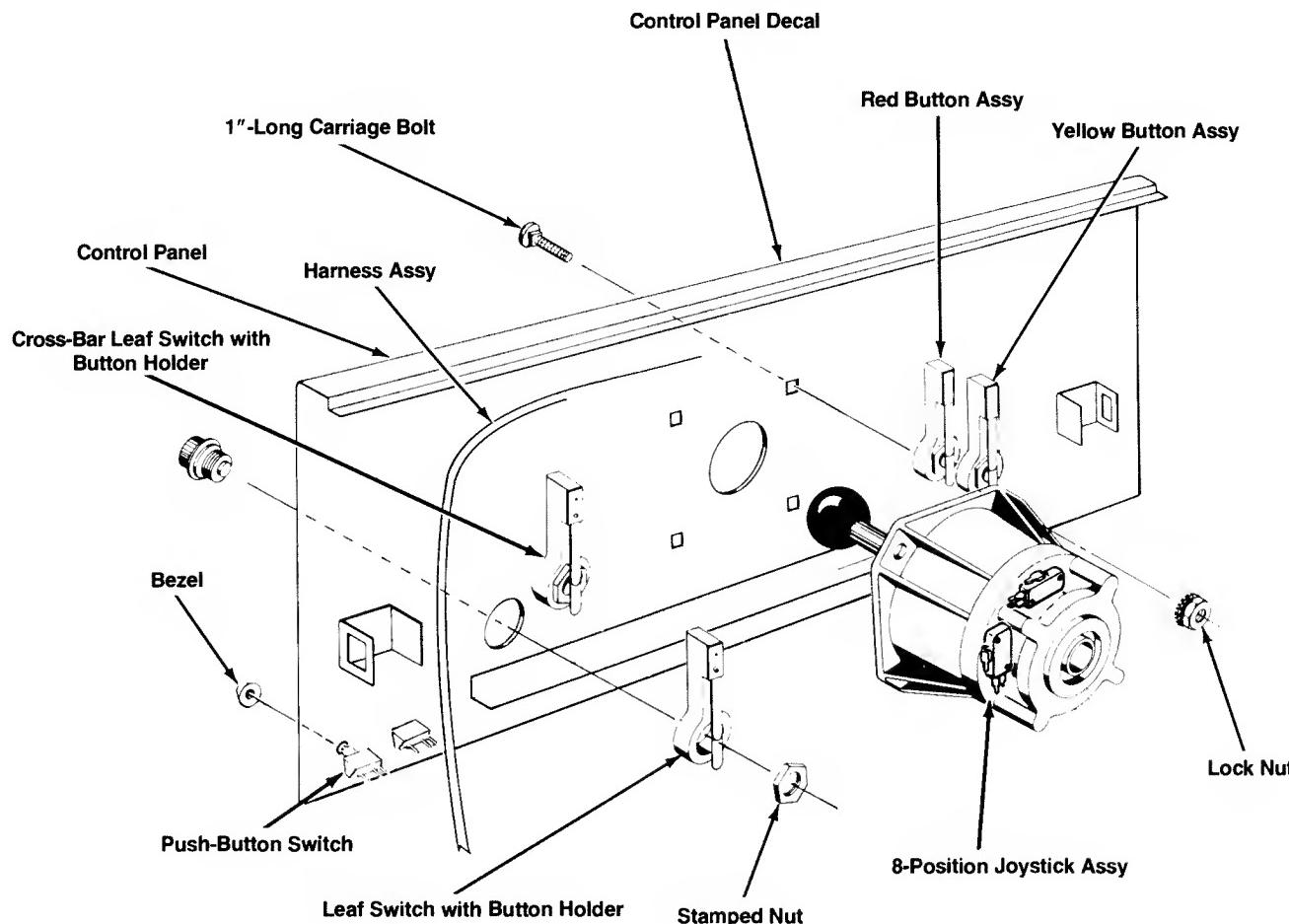
### **WARNING**

Turn off the game power, but do not unplug the power cord before cleaning inside the cabinet. The power cord provides a ground path for stray static voltages that might be present on the cleaning tools.

1. Unlock and remove the front access panel.
2. Use a vacuum cleaner with a soft long-bristled brush attachment or a soft-bristled paint brush to remove loose dirt and dust accumulated on the inside of the cabinet. Be sure to clean the electrical components thoroughly (power supplies, PCB assemblies, display, etc.).

### **CAUTION**

Be extremely careful when cleaning the electrical components inside the cabinet. Avoid touching the electrical components with any solid object other than the soft bristles of the vacuum attachment or paint brush.



**Figure 3-1 Leaf Switch and Joystick Removal**

## Joystick Control

Preventive maintenance on the joystick control consists of inspecting the pivot and actuator balls for excessive wear or dirt, lubricating the pivot ball, adjusting the leaf switches and, if necessary, replacing or tightening the securing hardware.

### Lubricating the Joystick Control

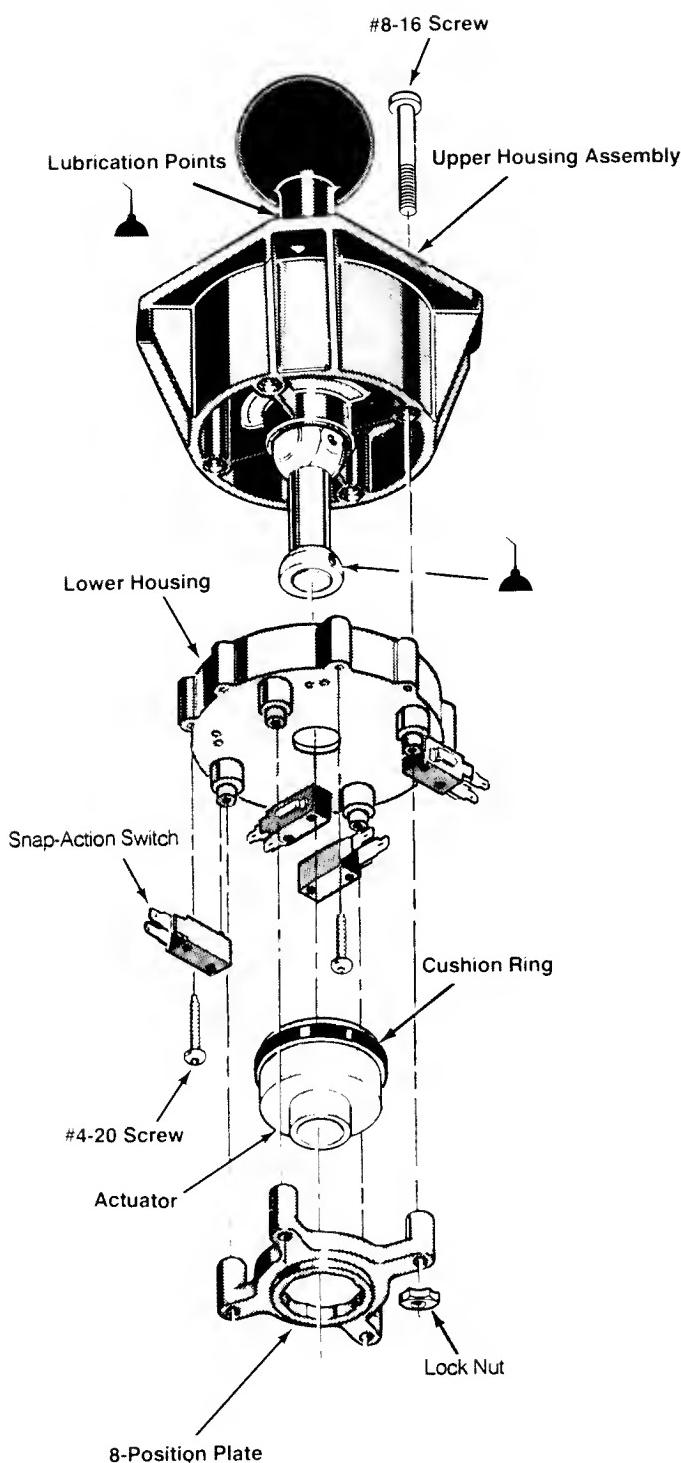
Perform the following procedure to lubricate and tighten the joystick control. (See Figure 3-2.)

1. Remove the control panel as previously described.
2. Apply a light film of Lithium grease (Atari part no. 107027-001) to the lubrication points shown in Figure 3-2.
3. Using a  $\frac{3}{8}$ -inch wrench, tighten the four nuts holding the joystick to the control panel.
4. Using a  $\frac{1}{4}$ -inch wrench (or an appropriate tool), tighten the four screws holding the positioning plate to the lower housing.

## Corrective Maintenance

Corrective maintenance consists of removing, disassembling, reassembling, and replacing the push-button leaf switches, joystick control, game printed-circuit board (PCB), video display, and speaker. The procedures for re-

moving and replacing the Game PCB, video display, and the speaker follow.



**Figure 3-2 Joystick Lubrication**

## Removing the Game PCB

Perform the following procedure to remove/replace the Game PCB.

1. Turn the cabinet power off.

2. Unlock and remove the front access panel from the cabinet.
3. Disconnect the harness connectors from the Game PCB.
4. Use a Phillips screwdriver to remove the six screws and washers holding the Game PCB and End PCB to the cabinet.
5. Grasp the front edge of the Game PCB and gently slide it forward out of the slotted guide.
6. Disconnect the End PCB from the Game PCB.
7. Replace the Game PCB in the reverse order of removal.

## Removing the Video Display

Perform the following procedure to remove/replace the video display. (See Figure 3-3.)

1. Turn the game power off and wait two minutes. Unplug the power cord.
2. Remove the control panel as described under *Preventive Maintenance*.
3. Remove the video display shield.
4. Carefully remove the bezel from the foam tape holding it in place.
5. Use a Phillips screwdriver to remove the four screws holding the rear access panel to the cabinet.

### **WARNING**

#### **High Voltage**

The video display contains lethal high voltages. To avoid injury, do not attempt to service this display until you observe all precautions necessary for working on high-voltage equipment.

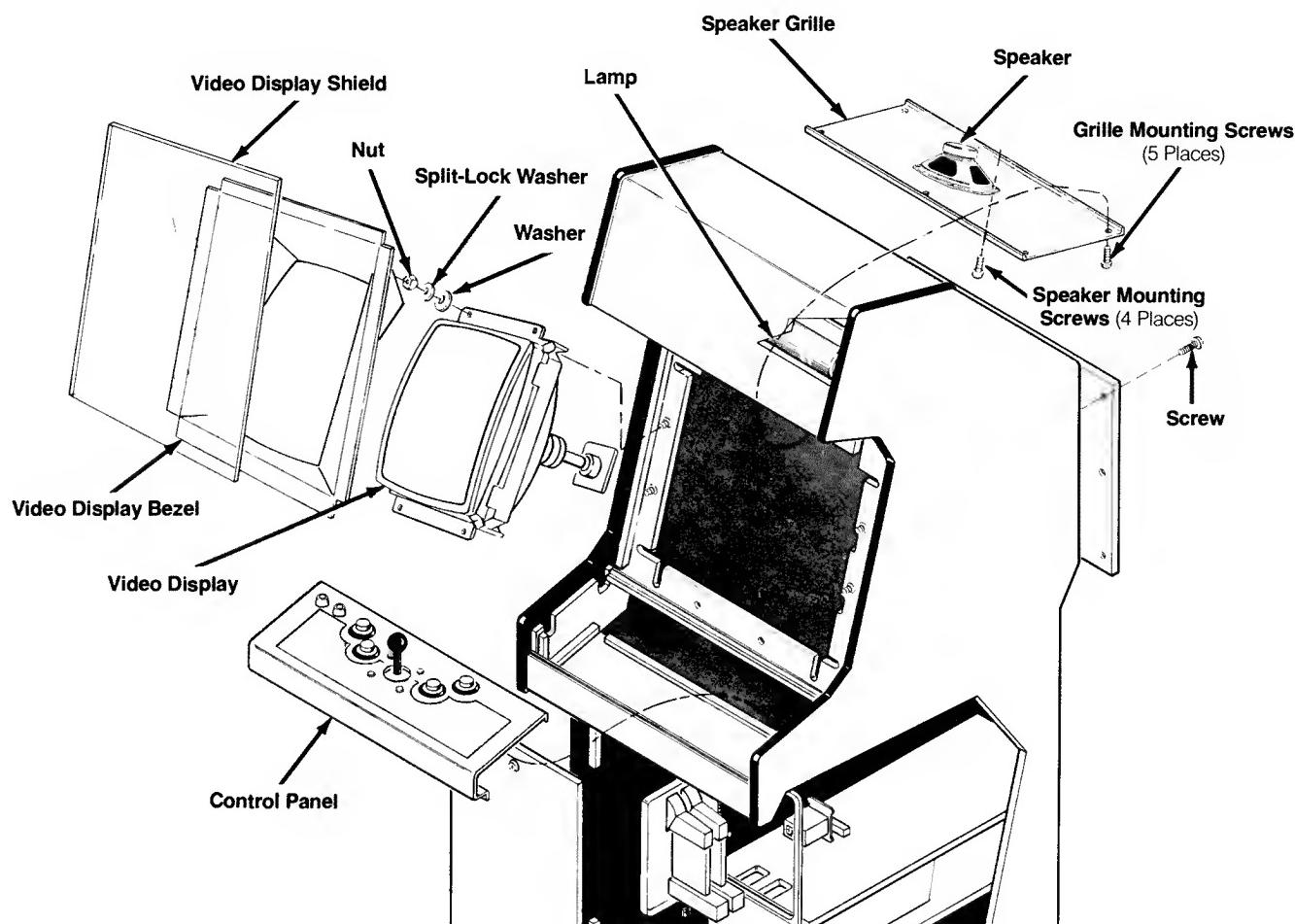
#### **X-Radiation**

The video display has been designed to minimize X-radiation. However, to avoid possible exposure to soft X-radiation, **never** modify the high-voltage circuitry.

#### **Impllosion Hazard**

The cathode-ray tube may implode if struck or dropped. Shattered glass may cause injury within a 6-foot radius. Use care when handling the display.

6. Discharge the high voltage from the cathode-ray tube (CRT) before proceeding. The display assembly contains a circuit for discharging the high voltage to ground when power is removed. However, to make certain, always discharge the display as follows.



**Figure 3-3 Control Panel, Video Display, and Speaker Removal**

- a. Attach one end of a large, well-insulated, 18-gauge jumper wire to ground.
- b. Momentarily touch the free end of the grounded jumper to the CRT anode by sliding it under the anode cap.
- c. Wait two minutes and repeat part b.
7. From the back of the cabinet, unplug the display harness connectors from the display.
8. Use a  $\frac{3}{8}$ -inch wrench to remove the four nuts and washers holding the video display to the cabinet shelf.
9. Carefully slide the display out through the front of the cabinet.
10. Replace the video display as described in the following procedure.

### **WARNING**

To avoid dropping the video display, use extreme care when removing the display from the cabinet. We recommend that no one weighing less than 150 pounds should attempt to remove the video display. In addition, we recommend that you wear gloves to protect your hands from the sheet-metal edges.

### **NOTE**

Whenever the cathode-ray tube and yoke are replaced as a single unit, readjust the brightness, size, and centering as described in the display manual. Check the purity and convergence also according to the display manual instructions, but adjust both *only if required*.

## **Replacing the Video Display**

Perform the following procedure to replace the video display in the cabinet. (See Figure 3-3.)

1. Gently lift the video display through the front of the cabinet.

2. Position the display so that the four slots in the chassis are aligned with the corresponding mounting holes in the cabinet shelf.
3. Tighten the four mounting nuts and washers using a  $\frac{3}{8}$ -inch wrench.
4. Connect the display harness to the display PCB.
5. Replace the bezel.
6. Replace the video display shield.

## Removing the Speaker

Perform the following procedure to remove/replace the speaker. (See Figure 3-3.)

1. Use a  $\frac{1}{8}$ -inch square drive bit to remove the five screws holding the speaker grille to the cabinet. Remove the grille.

### CAUTION

Do not touch the speaker cone when handling the speaker. The cone material is fragile and can be easily damaged.

2. Use a Phillips screwdriver to remove the four screws holding the speaker to the cabinet.
3. Remove the speaker just far enough to disconnect the two speaker wires.
4. With the tabs pointed outward, replace the speaker in the reverse order of removal.

## Chapter 4

# Illustrated Parts Lists

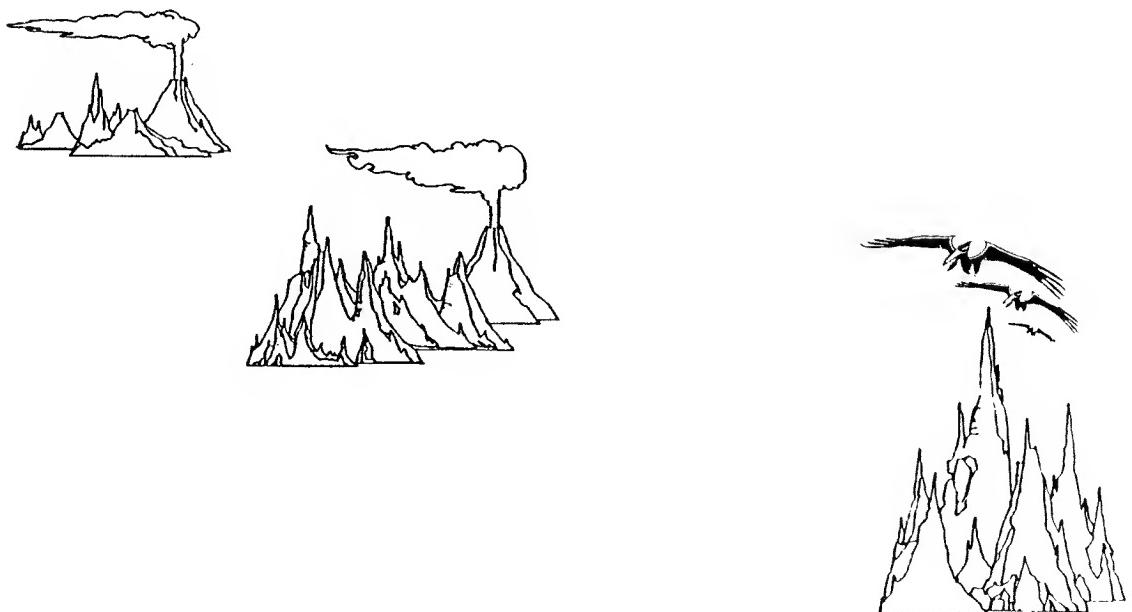
This chapter provides information you need to order parts for your game. Common hardware (screws, nuts, washers, etc.) has been deleted from most of the parts lists.

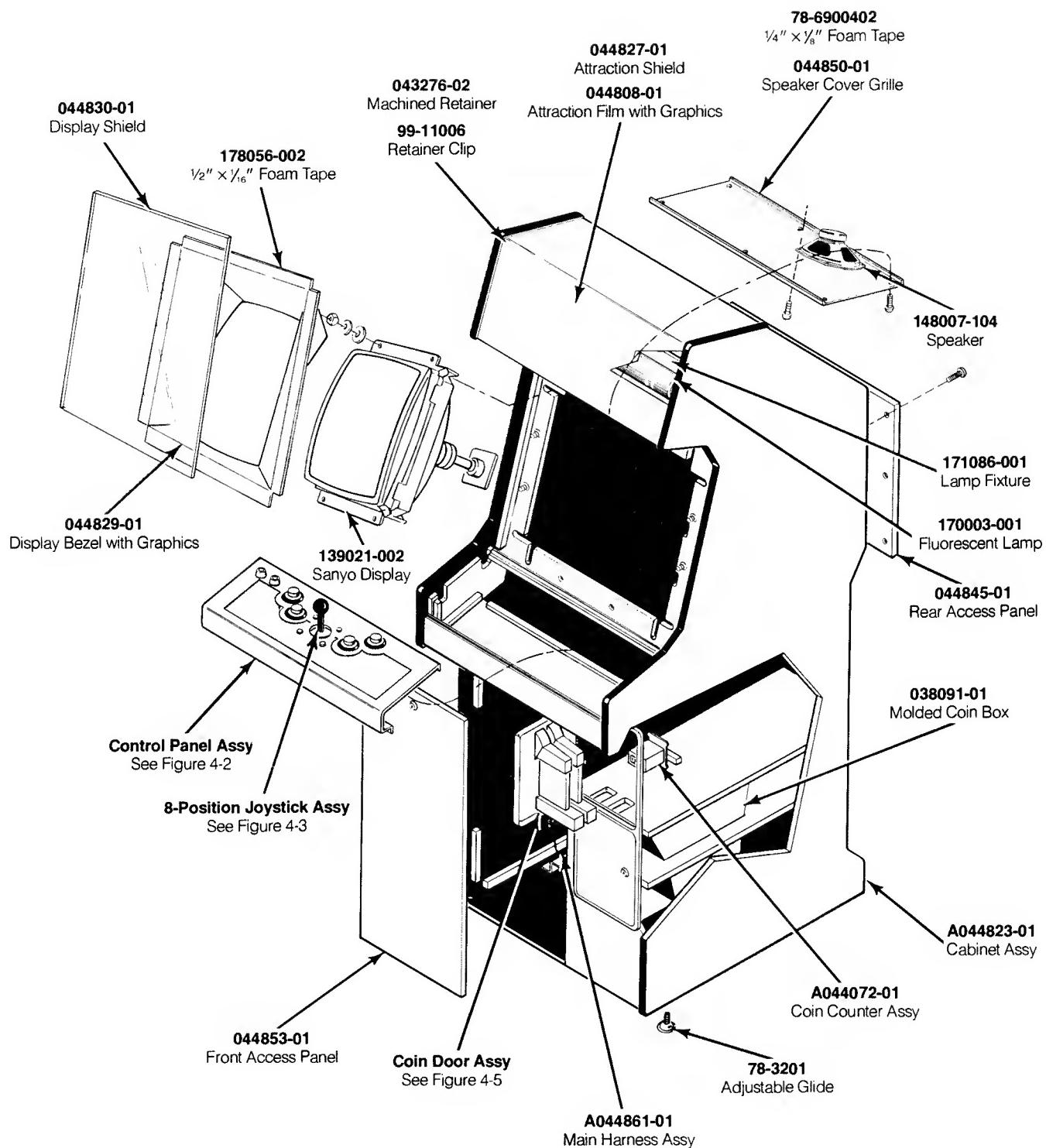
The PCB parts lists are arranged in alphabetical order by component. Each component subsection is arranged alphanumerically by reference designator.

Other parts lists are arranged alphanumerically by Atari part number. In these parts lists, all A-prefix numbers come first. Following these are numbers in sequence evaluated up to the hyphen, namely 00- through 99-, then 000598- through approximately 201000-.

When ordering parts, please give the part number, part name, number of this manual, and serial number of your game. This will help us fill your order rapidly and correctly. We hope the results will be less downtime and more profit from your game.

Atari Customer Service numbers are listed on the inside front cover of this manual.





**Figure 4-1 Cabinet-Mounted Assemblies  
A044820-01 B**

**Items Not Shown:**

**034536-02**  
Vibration Damper

**178013-001**  
Spring Draw Latch

**A044861-01**  
Main Harness Assy

**A044865-01**  
+5V Harness Assy

**A044862-01**  
AC Harness Assy

**A044866-02**  
Ground Strap Assy

**A044864-01**  
Video Harness Assy

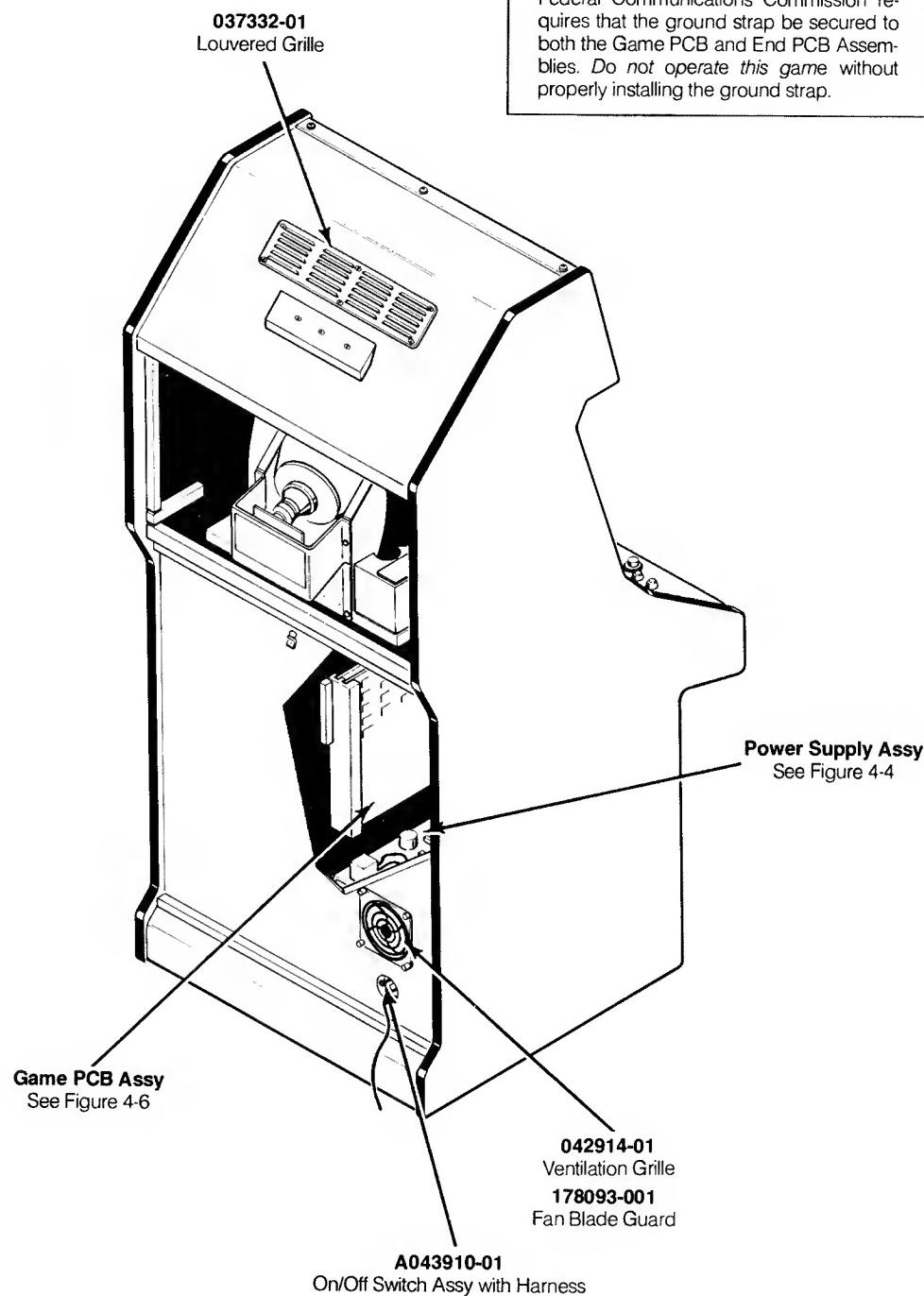
**A044866-01**  
Ground Strap Assy

**044831-01**  
Ground Plate

**End PCB Assy**  
See Figure 4-7

**NOTE**

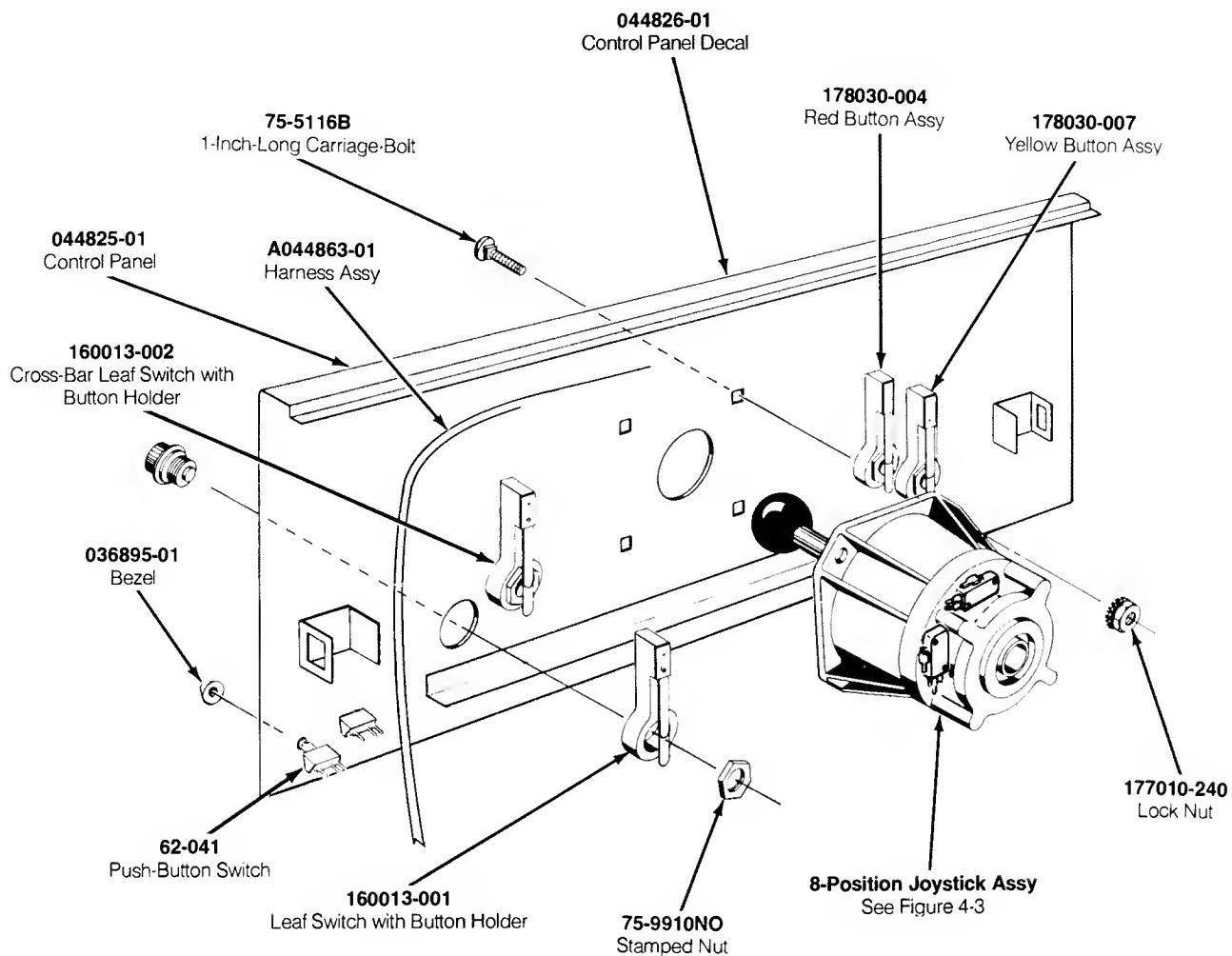
To comply with emission requirements, the Federal Communications Commission requires that the ground strap be secured to both the Game PCB and End PCB Assemblies. Do not operate this game without properly installing the ground strap.



**Figure 4-1 Cabinet-Mounted Assemblies, Continued**

## Cabinet-Mounted Assemblies Parts List

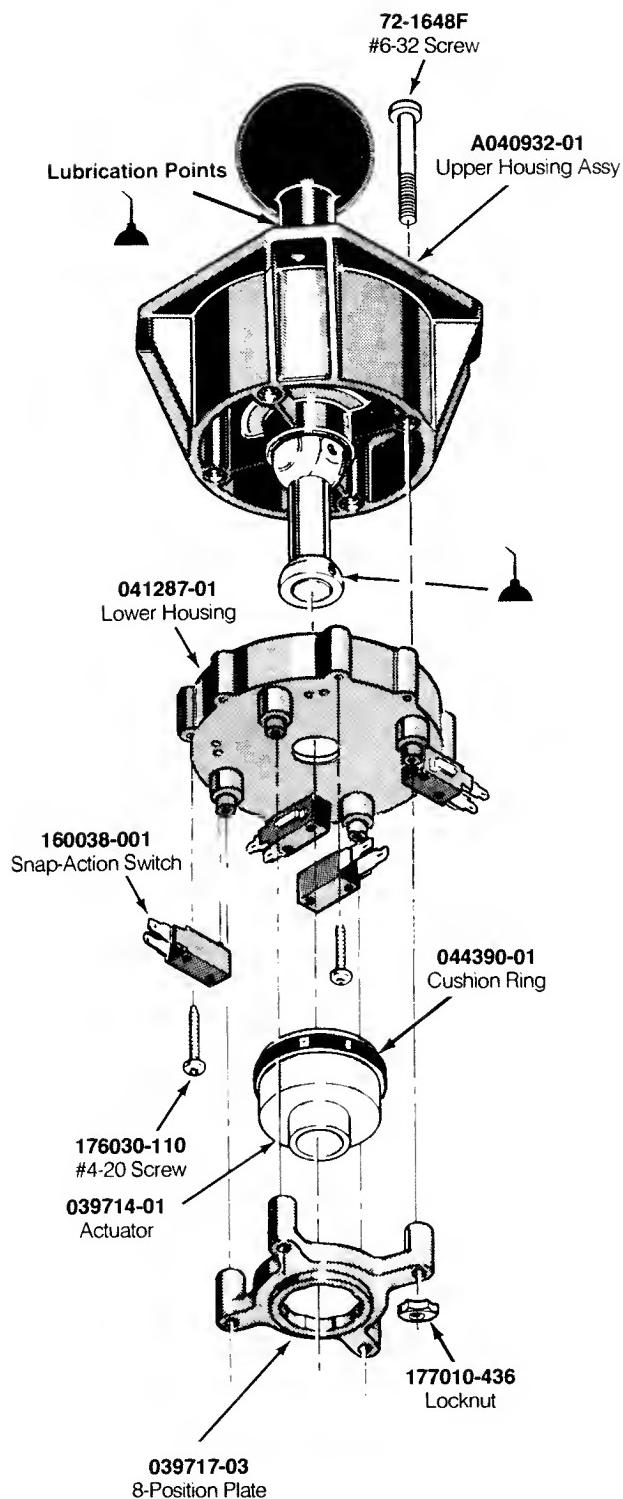
<b>Part No.</b>	<b>Description</b>
A043910-01	4-Inch-Long On/Off Switch Assembly with Harness
A044072-01	12 VDC Non-Resettable Coin Counter Assembly
A044823-01	Cabinet Assembly
A044861-01	Main Harness Assembly
A044862-01	AC Harness Assembly
A044864-01	Video Harness Assembly
A044865-01	+ 5 V Harness Assembly
A044866-01	Ground Strap Assembly
A044866-02	Ground Strap Assembly
78-3201	Adjustable Glide
78-6900402	¼-Inch-Wide × ½-Inch-Thick Foam Tape (24 inches required; used on control panel edge resting directly on display shield)
99-11006	Fluorescent Lamp Retainer Clip
034536-02	0.50-Inch-Thick Foam Vibration Damper
037332-01	Louvered Grille
038091-01	Molded Coin Box
042914-01	Ventilation Grille
043276-02	Machined Retainer
044808-01	Attraction Film with Graphics
044827-01	Attraction Shield
044829-01	Video Display Bezel with Graphics
044830-01	Video Display Shield
044831-01	Ground Plate
044845-01	Rear Access Panel
044850-01	Speaker Cover Grille
044853-01	Front Access Panel
139021-002	Sanyo Model 20-Z2AD 19-Inch Color Raster Video Display
148007-104	4½-Inch Round, 8Ω, 10W, Shielded Speaker
170003-001	18-Inch-Long 50 W Fluorescent Lamp
171086-001	18-Inch-Long 118 V 60 Hz Fluorescent Lamp Fixture
178013-001	Spring Draw Latch
178056-002	½-Inch-Wide × ¼-Inch-Thick Foam Tape (4 inches required; used on corners on underside of display bezel)
178093-001	Fan Blade Guard
<i>The following items are the technical information supplements for this game:</i>	
TM-310	Dragon Spirit Operators Manual
SP-310	Dragon Spirit Schematic Package
ST-310	Dragon Spirit Self-Test Label
TM-311	Sanyo 19" Color Raster Video Display Service Manual



**Figure 4-2 Control Panel Assembly  
A044824-01 A**

**Control Panel Assembly  
Parts List**

Part No.	Description
A040933-03	8-Position Snap-Action Switch Joystick Assembly
A044863-01	Control Panel Harness Assembly
62-041	Black Cap (No LED) SPDT Push-Button Switch
75-5116B	#10-24 x 1.00-Inch-Long Black Carriage Bolt
75-9910NO	#11- $\frac{1}{8}$ -Inch Stamped Nut
036895-01	Black Molded Bezel
044825-01	Control Panel
044826-01	Control Panel Decal
160013-001	Leaf Switch with Button Holder
160013-002	Cross-Bar Leaf Switch with Button Holder
177010-240	#10-24 Lock Nut
178030-004	Red Button Assembly
178030-007	Yellow Button Assembly



**Figure 4-3 8-Position Joystick Assembly  
A040933-03 D**

**8-Position Joystick Assembly  
Parts List**

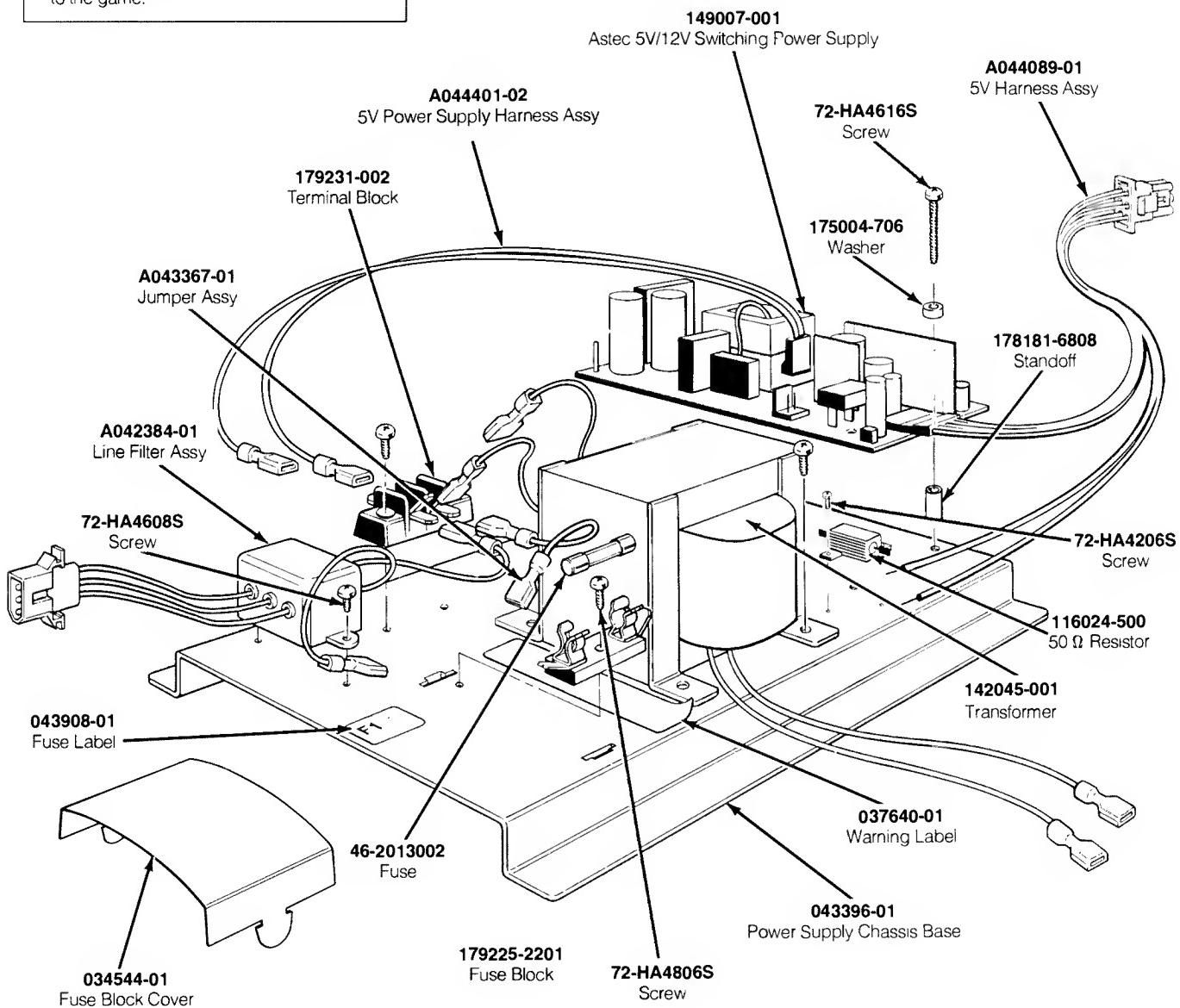
<b>Part No.</b>	<b>Description</b>
72-1648F	#6-32 x 3-Inch-Long Phillips Pan-Head Screw
A040932-01	Upper Housing Assembly
039714-01	Actuator
039717-03	8-Position Positioner Plate
041287-01	Lower Housing
044390-01	Cushion Ring
160038-001	Snap-Action Switch (Acceptable substitutes are part numbers 160041-001 SPST Switch and 160044-001 SPDT Switch)
176030-110	#4-20 x .62-Inch-Long Self-Tapping Hex Washer-Head Screw
177010-436	#6-32 Polymer Hex Nut

**WARNING**

The switching power supply has high voltages on it when power is turned on. Therefore, be sure you *do not touch this power supply* unless you have turned off the power to the game.

**NOTE**

The Astec 5V/12V power supply is not assembled exactly as illustrated below. The Astec power supply, all of its accompanying hardware, and the  $50\ \Omega$  resistor are turned  $180^\circ$  from the view shown. In other words, the 5V Harness Assy. exits from the Astec power supply at the back of the power supply chassis.



**Figure 4-4 Switching/Linear (SL) Power Supply Assembly  
A044339-02 B**

***Switching/Linear (SL) Power Supply Assembly  
Parts List***

<b>Part No.</b>	<b>Description</b>
A042384-01	Line Filter Assembly
A043367-01	Jumper Assembly
A044089-01	5 V Harness Assembly
A044337-01	Transformer Termination Assembly
A044401-02	5 V Power Supply Harness Assembly
46-2013002	250 V Slow-Blow 3 A Fuse
72-HA4608S	#6-32 x ½ -Inch Cross-Recessed Pan-Head Thread-Forming Screw
72-HA4616S	#6-32 x 1-Inch Cross-Recessed Pan-Head Thread-Forming Screw
72-HA4806S	#8-32 x ¾-Inch Cross-Recessed Pan-Head Thread-Forming Screw
85-22F206	#2-56 x ¾-Inch Cross-Recessed Pan-Head Thread-Forming Screw
034544-01	Fuse Block Cover
037640-01	Power Supply Warning Label
043396-01	Power Supply Chassis Base
043908-01	Power Supply Fuse Label
116024-500	50 Ω, 5 W, Chassis-Mount Resistor
149007-001	Astec 5 V/12 V Switching Power Supply
175004-706	#6 Fiber Washer
178181-6808	.171-Inch ID, ¼-Inch OD, Aluminum Standoff
179225-2201	1-Position Fuse Block
179231-002	2-Position Terminal Block

***Astec 5-Volt Power Supply Sub-Assembly  
Model SA40-1304 Parts List***

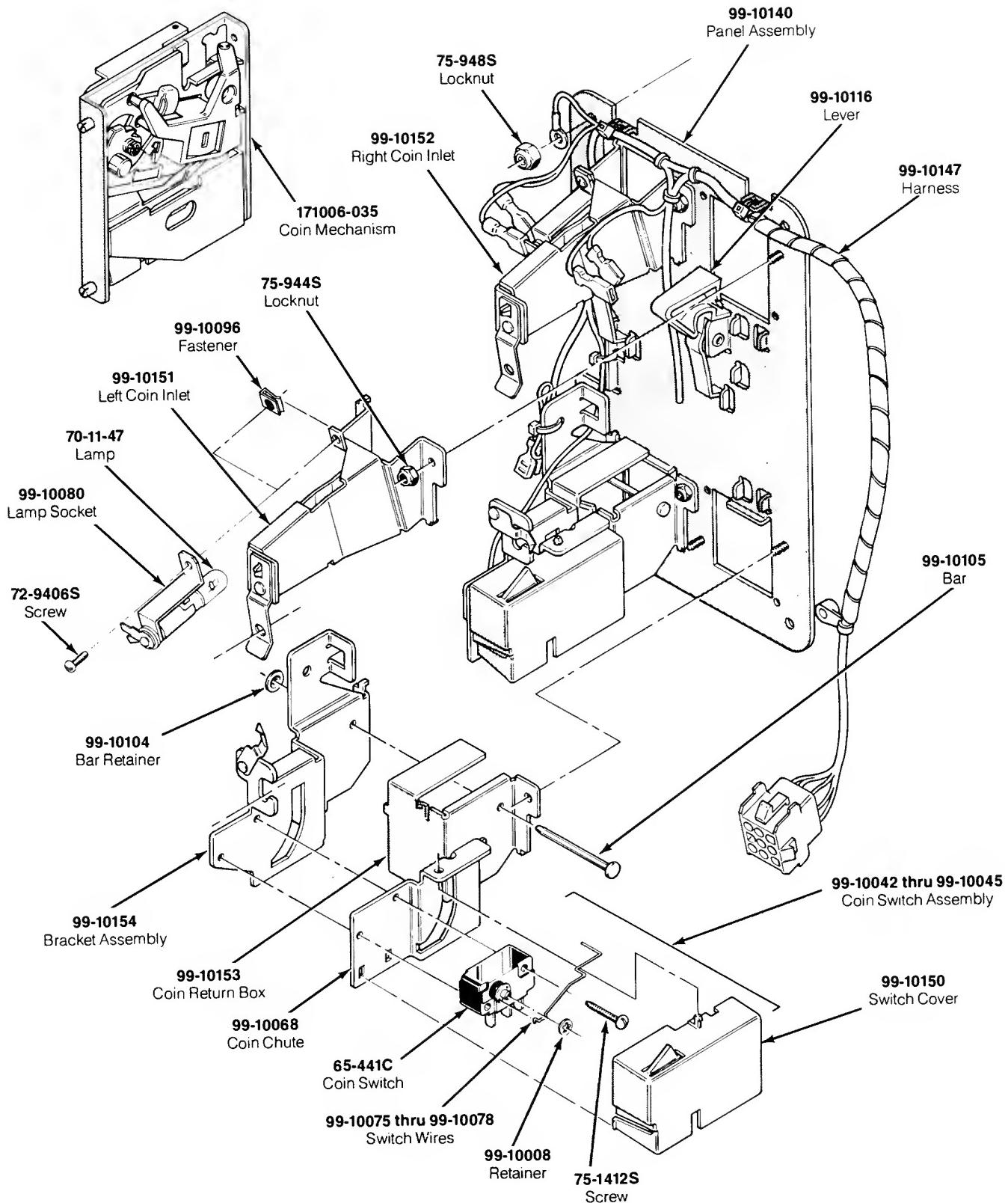
<b>Designator</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Part No.</b>
<b>Capacitors</b>		
C1, C2	Capacitor, Met Poly, .1 µF, ± 20%, 250 VAC	99-209076
C3, C4	Capacitor, Poly, 2200 pF, ± 20%, 250 VAC	99-209077
C5	Capacitor, Met Poly, 2200 pF, ± 20%, 250 V	99-209080
C8	Capacitor, Electrolytic, 220 µF, + 100 - ± 10%, 10 V	99-209072
C9	Capacitor, Ceramic, 1000 pF, ± 20%, 3 KV, Z5P	99-209068
C10	Capacitor, Met Poly, .022 µF, ± 20%, 250 VAC	99-209079
C11	Capacitor, Poly, .22 µF, ± 10%, 100 V	99-209014
C12	Capacitor, Electrolytic, 2200 µF, ± 20%, 16 V, Sxa	99-209073
C13	Capacitor, Poly, .01 µF, ± 5%, 50 V	99-209075
C14	Capacitor, Electrolytic, 100 µF, ± 20%, 25 V, Sxa	99-209006
C15	Capacitor, Electrolytic, 1000 µF, ± 20%, 16 V, Sxa	99-209008
C16	Capacitor, Poly, .022 µF, ± 20%, 50 V	99-209078
C17	Capacitor, Electrolytic, 1000 µF, ± 20%, 10 V, Sm	99-209071
C18	Capacitor, Ceramic, 330 pF, ± 20%, 100 V, SI	99-209069
C19	Capacitor, Electrolytic, 470 µF, ± 20%, 16 V, Sm	99-209074
C20	Capacitor, Electrolytic, 100 µF, ± 20%, 16 V, Sm	99-209070
C21	Capacitor, Poly, .22 µF, ± 10%, 100 V	99-209014
C23	Capacitor, Ceramic, .01 µF, + 80- ± 20%, 100 V, Z5U	99-209003
<b>Diodes</b>		
D1	Diode, RGP10A	99-209083
D2	Diode, RGP10J	99-209033

***Astec 5-Volt Power Supply Sub-Assembly  
Model SA40-1304 Parts List, Continued***

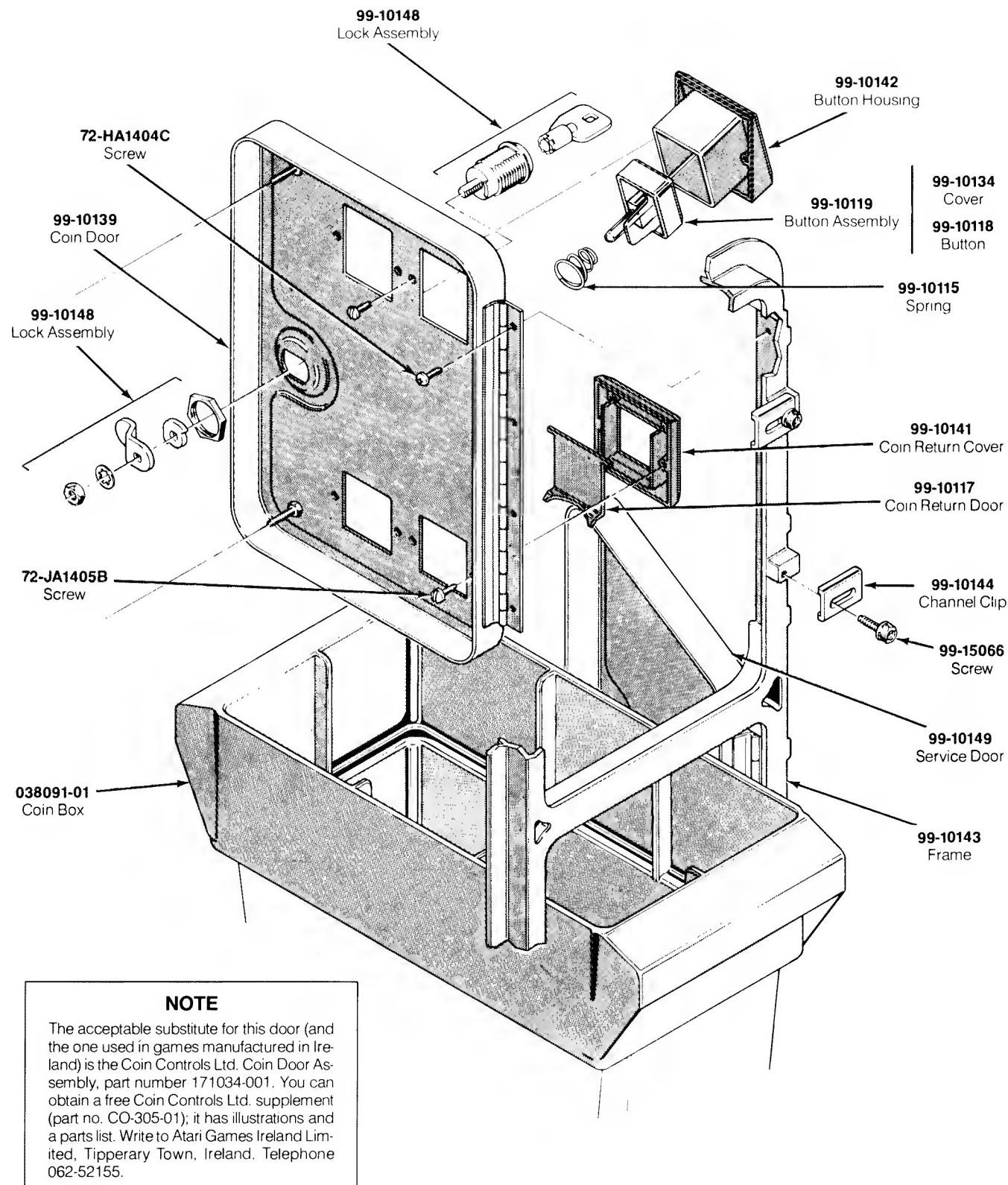
<b>Designator</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Part No.</b>
D3	Diode, GP10A	99-209084
D4, D5	Diode, RGP10J	99-209033
D6, D7	Diode, 1N4606	99-209030
D8	Assembly, Regulator/SCR/Diode/Heat Sink	99-209105
D8	Diode, 12CTQ035	99-209107
D9	Diode, RGP10B	99-209034
D10	Assembly, Diode/Heat Sink	99-209103
D11	Diode, 1N4606	99-209030
D12, D13	Diode, 1N4001	99-209035
DB1	Diode, Bridge, KBP08	99-209085
<b>Inductors</b>		
L3	Inductor, 2.2 $\mu$ H	99-209029
L4	Inductor, 1.5 mH	99-209028
L5	Assembly, Inductor Coil	99-209059
L6	Inductor, 4.4 $\mu$ H	99-209102
<b>Transistors</b>		
Q1	Transistor, NPN, 2SC2120	99-209082
Q2	Assembly, Transistor/Heat Sink	99-209104
Q3	Transistor, PNP, 2SB561	99-209022
<b>Resistors</b>		
R1	Resistor, Carbon Film, 470K $\Omega$ , $\pm 5\%$ , $\frac{1}{2}$ W	99-209089
R2	Resistor, Wirewound, 33 $\Omega$ , $\pm 5\%$ , 3 W	99-209097
R3, R4	Resistor, Metal Oxide Film, 100K $\Omega$ , $\pm 5\%$ , 1 W	99-209054
R5	Resistor, Carbon Film, 1K $\Omega$ , $\pm 5\%$ , $\frac{1}{4}$ W	99-209086
R6	Resistor, Metal Oxide Film, 120 $\Omega$ , $\pm 5\%$ , 2 W	99-209095
R7	Resistor, Metal Film, 1 $\Omega$ , $\pm 5\%$ , 1 W	99-209025
R8	Resistor, Carbon Film, 27 $\Omega$ , $\pm 5\%$ , $\frac{1}{4}$ W	99-209040
R9	Resistor, Carbon Film, 68 $\Omega$ , $\pm 5\%$ , $\frac{1}{4}$ W	99-209090
R10	Resistor, Carbon Film, 10 $\Omega$ , $\pm 5\%$ , $\frac{1}{4}$ W	99-209037
R11	Resistor, Carbon Film, 15 $\Omega$ , $\pm 5\%$ , $\frac{1}{4}$ W	99-209087
R12	Resistor, Metal Film, .75 $\Omega$ , $\pm 5\%$ , 1 W	99-209091
R13	Resistor, Carbon Film, 5.6 $\Omega$ , $\pm 5\%$ , $\frac{1}{4}$ W	99-209046
R14	Resistor, Carbon Film, 47 $\Omega$ , $\pm 5\%$ , $\frac{1}{4}$ W	99-209043
R15, R16	Resistor, Carbon Film, 270 $\Omega$ , $\pm 5\%$ , $\frac{1}{2}$ W	99-209041
R17	Resistor, Carbon Film, 8.2 $\Omega$ , $\pm 5\%$ , $\frac{1}{4}$ W	99-209049
R18	Resistor, Carbon Film, 330 $\Omega$ , $\pm 5\%$ , $\frac{1}{4}$ W	99-209042
R19	Resistor, Carbon Film, 56 $\Omega$ , $\pm 5\%$ , $\frac{1}{4}$ W	99-209045
R20	Resistor, Carbon Film, 68 $\Omega$ , $\pm 5\%$ , $\frac{1}{4}$ W	99-209090
R21	Resistor, Carbon Film, 330 $\Omega$ , $\pm 5\%$ , $\frac{1}{4}$ W	99-209042
R22	Resistor, Carbon Film, 470 $\Omega$ , $\pm 5\%$ , $\frac{1}{4}$ W	99-209044
R23	Resistor, Metal Film, 8.2K $\Omega$ , $\pm 1\%$ , $\frac{1}{4}$ W	99-209094
R24	Resistor, Metal Film, 2.7K $\Omega$ , $\pm 1\%$ , $\frac{1}{4}$ W	99-209093
R25	Resistor, Metal Film, 18K $\Omega$ , $\pm 1\%$ , $\frac{1}{4}$ W	99-209092
R27	Resistor, Carbon Film, 22 $\Omega$ , $\pm 5\%$ , $\frac{1}{4}$ W	99-209088
R28	Resistor, Carbon Film, 10 $\Omega$ , $\pm 5\%$ , $\frac{1}{4}$ W	99-209037
R29	Resistor, Metal Oxide Film, 120 $\Omega$ , $\pm 5\%$ , 2 W	99-209095

***Astec 5-Volt Power Supply Sub-Assembly  
Model SA40-1304 Parts List, Continued***

<b>Designator</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Part No.</b>
R30	Resistor, Wirewound, 15 $\Omega$ , $\pm 5\%$ , 5 W	99-209096
R32	Resistor, Carbon Film, 10 $\Omega$ , $\pm 5\%$ , $\frac{1}{4}$ W	99-209037
<b>Transformers</b>		
T1	Com Mode Transformer Assembly	99-209101
T2	Transformer, Power, AC8154	99-209100
T3	Control Transformer Assembly (J/V)	99-209058
<b>Miscellaneous</b>		
F1	Fuse, 2 A, 250 V	99-209081
IC1	Regulator, 431	99-209023
IC2	Assembly, Regulator/SCR/Diode/Heat Sink	99-209105
IC2	Regulator, UA7912	99-209106
SCR1	Assembly, Regulator/SCR/Diode/Heat Sink	99-209105
SCR1	Thyristor, SCR, 2N6395	99-209108
TM1, TM2	Thermistor, 8 $\Omega$ , $\pm 20\%$	99-209099
VR1	Potentiometer, Trimming, 1K $\Omega$	99-209098
Z1	Diode, Zener, 5.6 V, $\pm 5\%$ , 40 mA	99-209031



**Figure 4-5 Coin Acceptors, Inc. Coin Door Assembly**  
**171027-001 A**



**Figure 4-5 Coin Acceptors, Inc. Coin Door Assembly, Continued**  
**171027-001 A**

**Coin Acceptors, Inc. Coin Door Assembly  
Parts List**

<b>Part No.</b>	<b>Description</b>
65-441C	Coin Switch
70-11-47	Miniature Bayonet Lamp
72-9406S	#4-40 x $\frac{3}{8}$ -Inch Truss-Head Screw
72-HA1404C	#4-40 x $\frac{1}{4}$ -Inch Pan-Head Screw
72-JA1405B	#4-40 x 0.31-Inch Pan-Head Screw
75-1412S	#4-40 x $\frac{3}{4}$ -Inch Pan-Head Screw
75-994S	#4-40 Locknut
99-10008	Retainer
99-10042	Coin Switch Assembly for Belgian 5 Fr and U.S. 25¢
99-10043	Coin Switch Assembly for German 1 DM, Japanese 100 Yen, Swiss 1 Fr
99-10044	Coin Switch Assembly for German 2 DM, Italian 100 L, U.S. \$1.00
99-10045	Coin Switch Assembly for Australian \$.20, German 5 DM, British 10 P
99-10068	Coin Return Chute
99-10075	Switch Wire (included in coin switch assembly 99-10043)
99-10076	Switch Wire (included in coin switch assembly 99-10042)
99-10077	Switch Wire (included in coin switch assembly 99-10044)
99-10078	Switch Wire (included in coin switch assembly 99-10045)
99-10080	Lamp Socket
99-10081	Key Holder
99-10096	Fastener
99-10104	Bar Retainer
99-10105	Bar
99-10115	Spring
99-10116	Plastic Coin Return Lever
99-10117	Steel Coin Return Door
99-10118	Amber Coin Return Button
99-10119	Amber Coin Button for U.S. 25¢
99-10134	Coin Button Cover
99-10139	Coin Door
99-10140	Coin Door Inner-Panel Assembly
99-10141	Die-Cast Coin Return Cover
99-10142	Die-Cast Button Housing
99-10143	Coin Door Frame
99-10144	Channel Clip
99-10147	Harness
99-10148	Lock Assembly
99-10149	Service Door
99-10150	Switch Cover
99-10151	Left Coin Inlet
99-10152	Right Coin Inlet
99-10153	Coin Return Box
99-10154	Bracket Assembly
99-15066	Screw for Clamp
171006-035	Metal Coin Mechanism for U.S. 25¢

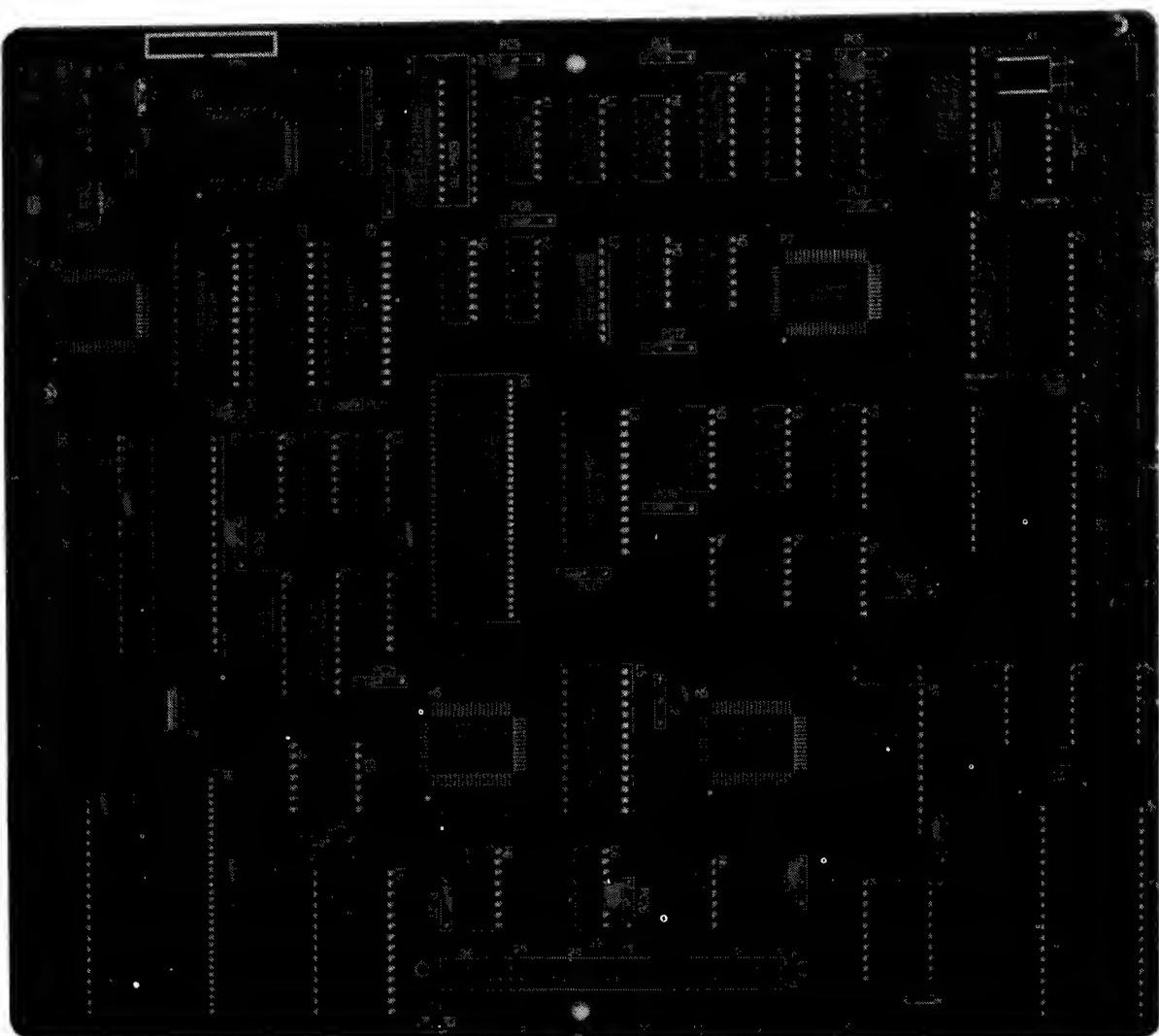
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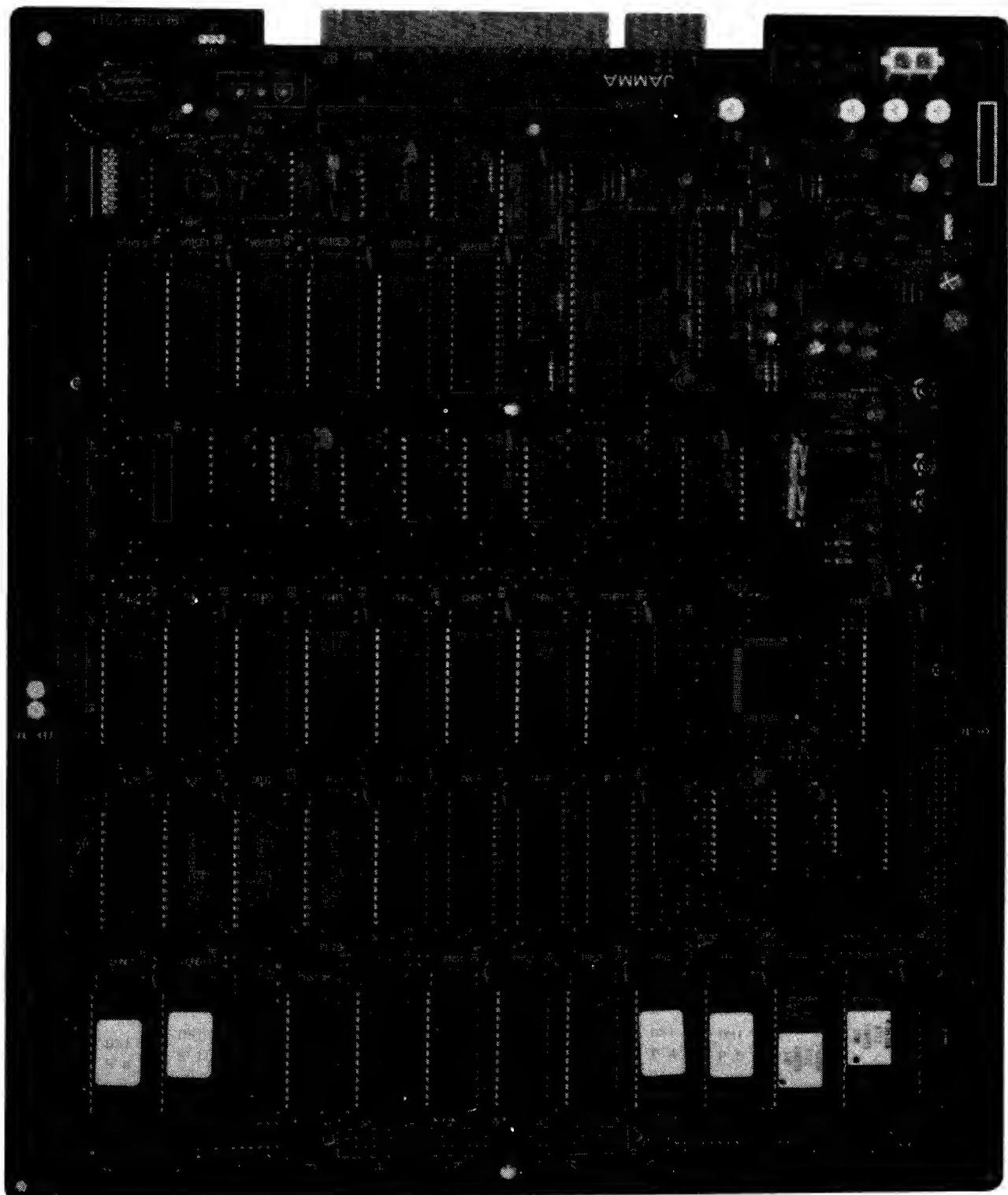
## **Figure 4-6A Dragon Spirit CPU PCB Assembly 99-090286**

## Dragon Spirit CPU PCB Assembly Parts List

<b>Part No.</b>	<b>Description</b>
99-090111	IC, 74LS08
99-090114	IC, 74LS32
99-090115	IC, 74LS74
99-090120	IC, 74LS157
99-090122	IC, 74LS173
99-090124	IC, 74LS245
99-090125	IC, 74LS257
99-090245	IC, 74LS365
99-090130	IC, 74LS377
99-090131	IC, 74LS378
99-090288	IC, 74F04
99-090289	1C, 74F08
99-090290	IC, 74HC86
99-090291	1C, 74HC175
99-090292	1C, 74HC646
99-090133	IC, 4069
99-090135	IC, 68A09EP
99-090134	1C, HD68A09E
99-090136	1C, TMM2018D-45 (45 ns)
99-090293	1C, TMM2064P-150 (150 ns)
99-090294	1C, M5M5165P-120 (120 ns)
99-090141	1C, TMM2064P-10 (100 ns)
99-090140	1C, M5M5165P-10 (100 ns)
99-090295	1C, TMM2018D-55 (55 ns)
99-090142	1C, M5M5165-70 (70 ns)
99-090146	1C, TMM2064P-70 (70 ns)
99-090295	1C, TMM2018D-55 (55 ns)
99-090142	1C, M5M5165-70 (70 ns)
99-090296	1C, M5M5256AP-70 (70 ns)
99-090297	1C, HM65256BP-150 (150 ns)
99-090298	1C, HM62256P-150 (150 ns)
99-090299	1C, PAL, 16L8B-2
99-090147	IC, YM2151
99-090148	IC, Custom 27
99-090149	IC, Custom 30
99-090150	IC, Custom 39
99-090154	IC, Custom 48
99-090300	IC, Custom 116
99-090301	IC, Custom 117
99-090302	IC, Custom 120
99-090303	IC, Custom 121
99-090304	IC, Custom 133
99-090194	Resistor, 4.7K Ohm, 5%, ¼ W
99-090199	Resistor, 1Meg Ohm, 5%, ¼ W
99-090262	Capacitor, Ceramic, 22 pF, 12 V
99-090175	Capacitor, Ceramic, 0.1 µF, 25 V
99-090305	Resistor, SIP, 100 Ohm, ½ W
99-090306	Resistor, SIP, 2.7K Ohm, ½ W

**Dragon Spirit CPU PCB Assembly, continued  
Parts List**

Part No.	Description
99-090307	Resistor, SIP, 470 Ohm, $\frac{1}{8}$ W
99-090308	Resistor, SIP, 2.2K Ohm, $\frac{1}{8}$ W
99-090309	Resistor, SIP, 1K Ohm
99-090161	Oscillator, KXO-01-49M152
99-090162	Oscillator, MCO-I425B (49.152 MHz)
99-090163	Crystal, 3.579545 MHz
99-090310	Transistor, 2SA10I5-Y
99-090311	Transistor, 2SC2320-E



**Figure 4-6B Dragon Spirit ROM PCB Assembly  
99-090287**

**Dragon Spirit ROM PCB Assembly  
Parts List**

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<b>Part No.</b>	<b>Description</b>
99-090108	IC, 74LS00
99-090312	IC, 74F02
99-090117	IC, 74LS138
99-090118	IC, 74LS139
99-090244	IC, 74LS244
99-090124	IC, 74LS245
99-090125	IC, 74LS257
99-090126	IC, 74LS273
99-090127	IC, 74LS373
99-090313	IC, 74F138
99-090314	IC, 74F244
99-090315	IC, 74F374
99-090246	IC, 4066
99-090132	IC, 74HC257
99-090316	IC, 74HC374
99-090317	IC, Custom 64
99-090157	IC, Custom 99
99-090318	IC, Custom 123
99-090155	IC, Custom 95
99-090158	IC, DAC, YM3012
99-090319	IC, PAL, 16L8B-2
99-090320	IC, 78L06
99-090248	IC, Op-Amp, TL084CN
99-090160	IC, Power Amplifier, LA4460
99-090321	IC, LA4520
99-090322	IC, TA7630
99-090323	IC, LB1760
99-090324	IC, MB3771
99-090250	Diode, 1S1588
99-090325	Diode, 1S1885
99-090326	Diode, 1Z6.2
99-090327	Transistor, 2SC1815
99-090310	Transistor, 2SA1015-Y
99-090328	Transistor, 2SC2236-Y
99-090187	Resistor, 4.7 Ohm, 5%, 1/4 W
99-090255	Resistor, 100 Ohm, 5%, 1/4 W
99-090189	Resistor, 330 Ohm, 5%, 1/4 W
99-090191	Resistor, 470 Ohm, 5%, 1/4 W
99-090192	Resistor, 560 Ohm, 5%, 1/4 W
99-090329	Resistor, 1.5K Ohm, 5%, 1/4 W
99-090257	Resistor, 2.2K Ohm, 5%, 1/4 W
99-090194	Resistor, 4.7K Ohm, 5%, 1/4 W
99-090195	Resistor, 6.8K Ohm, 5%, 1/4 W
99-090196	Resistor, 10K Ohm, 5%, 1/4 W
99-090330	Resistor, 12K Ohm, 5%, 1/4 W
99-090200	Resistor, 18K Ohm, 5%, 1/4 W
99-090261	Resistor, 47K Ohm, 5%, 1/4 W
99-090331	Resistor, 100K Ohm, 5%, 1/4 W

## Dragon Spirit ROM PCB Assembly, continued Parts List

<b>Part No.</b>	<b>Description</b>
99-090199	Resistor, 1Meg Ohm, 5%, ¼ W
99-090332	Resistor, SIP, 1K Ohm, ½ W
99-090333	Resistor, SIP, 1.2K Ohm, ½ W
99-090334	Resistor, SIP, 1K Ohm, ½ W
99-090185	Resistor, SIP, 4.7K Ohm × 8, ½ W
99-090335	Resistor, SIP, 10K Ohm, ½ W
99-090336	Resistor, SIP, 10K Ohm, ½ W
99-090253	Resistor, SIP, 5K Ohm × 8
99-090274	Inductor, 100 µH, SP0406-101K
99-090337	Capacitor, Cer, 2200 pF, 25 V
99-090174	Capacitor, Ceramic, 0.01 µF, 25 V
99-090175	Capacitor, Ceramic, 0.1 µF, 25 V
99-090338	Capacitor, .0047 µF, 50 V
99-090339	Capacitor, .033 µF, 50 V
99-090340	Capacitor, .12 µF, 50 V
99-090341	Capacitor, .01 µF, 50 V
99-090342	Capacitor, 1 µF, 25 V
99-090343	Capacitor, Electrolytic, 47 µF, 66.3 V
99-090344	Capacitor, Electrolytic, 470 µF, 10 V
99-090345	Capacitor, Electrolytic, 2.2 µF, 16 V
99-090346	Capacitor, Electrolytic, 4.7 µF, 16 V
99-090269	Capacitor, Electrolytic, 10 µF, 16 V
99-090347	Capacitor, Electrolytic, 22 µF, 16 V
99-090270	Capacitor, Electrolytic, 47 µF, 16 V
99-090348	Capacitor, Electrolytic, 220 µF, 16 V
99-090349	Capacitor, Electrolytic, 1000 µF, 16 V
99-090350	Capacitor, Electrolytic, .47 µF, 50 V
99-090351	Potentiometer, 10K Ohm
99-090352	Switch, DIP, 8-Circuit
99-090255	Resistor, 100 Ohm, 5%, ¼ W
136055-1101	IC, ROM, Dragon Spirit, DS PRG-0, H10
136055-1102	IC, ROM, Dragon Spirit, DS PRG-1, K10
136055-1103	IC, ROM, Dragon Spirit, DS PRG-2, L10
136055-1104	IC, ROM, Dragon Spirit, DS PRG-3, M10
136055-1105	IC, EPROM, Dragon Spirit, DS1 P4, N10
136055-1106	IC, EPROM, Dragon Spirit, DS1 P5, PI0
136055-1107	IC, EPROM, Dragon Spirit, DS1 P6, S10
136055-1108	IC, EPROM, Dragon Spirit, DS1 P7, T10
136055-1109	IC, EPROM, Dragon Spirit, DS1 S0, A10
136055-1110	IC, EPROM, Dragon Spirit, DS1 S1, B10
136055-1111	IC, ROM, Dragon Spirit, DS OBJ-0, A9
136055-1112	IC, ROM, Dragon Spirit, DS OBJ-1, B9
136055-1113	IC, ROM, Dragon Spirit, DS OBJ-2, E9
136055-1114	IC, ROM, Dragon Spirit, DS OBJ-3, F9

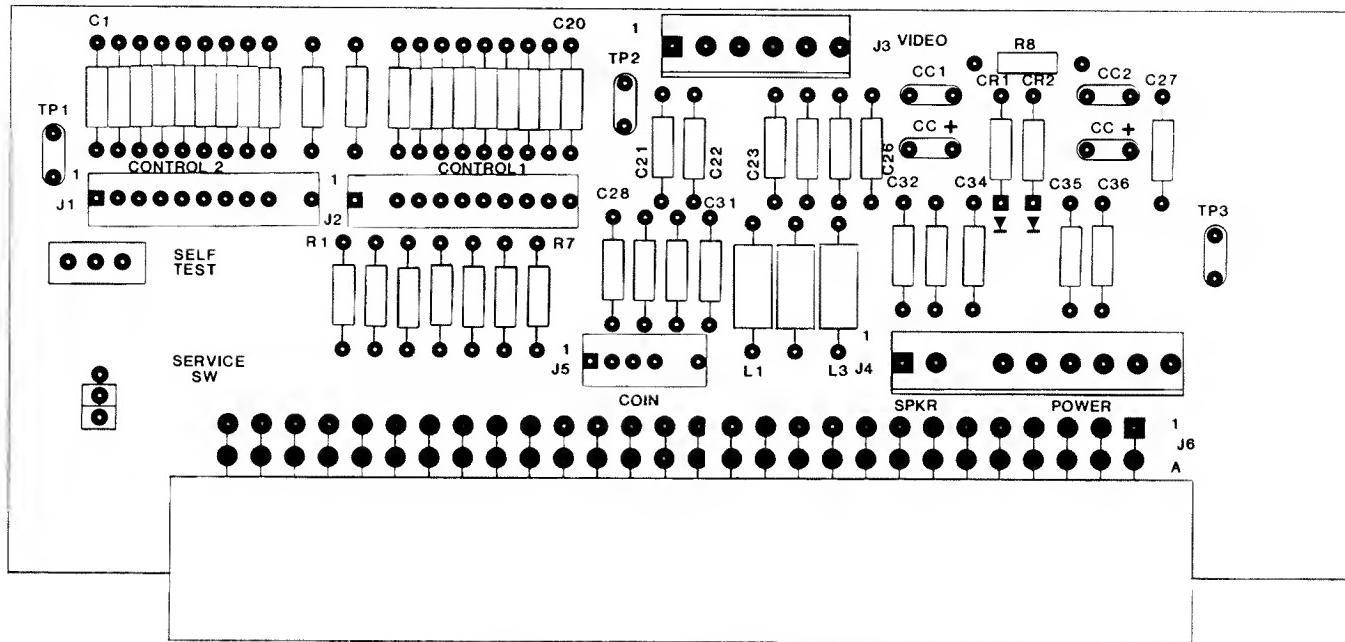
**Dragon Spirit ROM PCB Assembly, continued  
Parts Lists**

<b>Part No.</b>	<b>Description</b>
136055-1115	IC, ROM, Dragon Spirit, DS OBJ-4, H9
136055-1116	IC, ROM, Dragon Spirit, DS VOI-0, A4
136055-1117	IC, ROM, Dragon Spirit, DS VOI-1, B4
136055-1118	IC, ROM, Dragon Spirit, DS VOI-2, E4
136055-1119	IC, ROM, Dragon Spirit, DS VOI-3, F4
136055-1120	IC, ROM, Dragon Spirit, DS VOI-4, H4
136055-1121	IC, ROM, Dragon Spirit, DS CHR-0, A8
136055-1122	IC, ROM, Dragon Spirit, DS CHR-I, B8
136055-1123	IC, ROM, Dragon Spirit, DS CHR-2, E8
136055-1124	IC, ROM, Dragon Spirit, DS CHR-3, F8
136055-1125	IC, ROM, Dragon Spirit, DS CHR-4, H8
136055-1126	IC, ROM, Dragon Spirit, DS CHR-5, K8
136055-1127	IC, ROM, Dragon Spirit, DS CHR-6, L8
136055-1128	IC, ROM, Dragon Spirit, DS CHR-7, M8
136055-1129	IC, ROM, Dragon Spirit, DS CHR-8, U8

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**NOTE:** Components R1-R7, TP1 and TP2 should not be installed in the PCB



**Figure 4-7 End PCB Assembly  
A044201-01 A**

**End PCB Assembly  
Parts List**

Designator	Description	Part No.
<b>Capacitors</b>		
C1-C21	.1 $\mu$ F, 50 V Ceramic Capacitor	122002-104
C22	.001 $\mu$ F, 50 V Ceramic Capacitor	122002-102
C23-C25	470 pF, 100 V Ceramic Capacitor	122016-471
C26-C31	.1 $\mu$ F, 50 V Ceramic Capacitor	122002-104
C32, C33	.01 $\mu$ F, 25 V Ceramic Capacitor	122005-103
C34-C36	.1 $\mu$ F, 50 V Ceramic Capacitor	122002-104
<b>Diodes</b>		
CR1, CR2	Type-1N4001 Diode	131048-001
<b>Connectors</b>		
J1, J2	11-Ckt., .1-Inch Ctr. Header Connector	179118-011
J3	6-Ckt., .156-Inch Ctr. Header Connector	179213-006
J4	9-Ckt., .156-Inch Ctr. Header Connector	179213-009
J5	6-Ckt., .1-Inch Ctr. Header Connector	179118-006
J6	56-Ckt., Right-Angle Edge Connector (Acceptable substitute is part no. 179240-156)	179240-056
<b>Resistors</b>		
R8	0 $\Omega$ , $\pm 5\%$ , $\frac{1}{4}$ W Resistor	110005-001
<b>Miscellaneous</b>		
L1-L3	Ferrite Bead	141003-005
CC+, CC+	Test Point, .187 x .031	179051-001
TP3	Test Point, .250 x .031	179051-003
	SPDT Miniature Slide Self-Test Switch	160040-001
	2-Ckt., .1-Inch Ctr. Header Connector (Service Switch)	179118-002

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# Glossary

**AC**

Alternating current; from zero it rises to a maximum positive level, then passes through zero again to a maximum negative level.

**ACTIVE STATE**

The true state of a signal. For example: The active state for START is low.

**ADDRESS**

A value that identifies a specific location of data in memory; normally expressed in hexadecimal notation.

**ANALOG**

Measurable in an absolute quantity (as opposed to on or off). Analog devices are volume controls, light dimmers, stereo amplifiers, etc.

**ANODE**

The positive (arrow) end of a diode.

**AMPLIFIER**

A device used to increase the strength of an applied signal.

**AMPLITUDE**

The maximum instantaneous value of a waveform pulse from zero.

**ASTABLE**

Having no normal state. An astable device will free-run or oscillate as long as operating voltage is applied. The oscillation frequency is usually controlled by external circuitry.

**AUXILIARY COIN SWITCH**

A momentary-contact pushbutton switch with a black cap located on the utility panel. The auxiliary coin switch adds credits to the game without activating a coin counter.

**BEZEL**

A cut, formed, or machined retention device, such as the conical device used to mount a pushbutton switch to a control panel, or the formed device used to frame the video display screen.

**BIDIRECTIONAL**

Able to send or receive data on the same line (e.g., the data bus of a microprocessor).

**BINARY**

A number system that expresses all values by using two digits (0 and 1).

**BIT**

A binary digit; expressed as 1 or 0.

**BLANKING**

Turning off the beam on a cathode-ray tube during retrace.

**BLOCK DIAGRAM**

A drawing in which functional circuitry units are represented by blocks. Very useful during initial troubleshooting.

**BUFFER**

1. An isolating circuit designed to eliminate the reaction of a driven circuit on the circuits driving it (e.g., a buffer amplifier).
2. A device used to supply additional drive capability.

**BUS**

An electrical path over which information is transferred from any of several sources to any of several destinations.

**CAPACITOR**

A device capable of storing electrical energy. A capacitor blocks the flow of DC current while allowing AC current to pass.

**CATHODE**

The negative end of a diode.

**CHIP**

An integrated circuit comprising many circuits on a single wafer slice.

**CLOCK**

A repetitive timing signal for synchronizing system functions.

**COINCIDENCE**

Occurring at the same time.

**COIN COUNTER**

A 6-digit electromechanical device that counts the coins inserted in the coin mechanism(s).

**COIN MECHANISM**

A device on the inside of the coin door that inspects the coin to determine if the correct coin has been inserted.

**COMPLEMENTARY**

Having opposite states, such as the outputs of a flip-flop.

**COMPOSITE SYNC**

Horizontal and vertical synchronization pulses that are bused together into a single signal. This signal provides the timing necessary to keep the display in synchronization with the game circuitry.

**COMPOSITE VIDEO**

Complete video signal from the game system to drive the display circuitry, usually comprising H SYNC, V SYNC, and the video.

**CREDIT**

One play for one person based on the game switch settings.

**CRT**

Cathode-ray tube.

**DATA**

General term for the numbers, letters, and symbols that serve as input for device processing.

**DARLINGTON**

A two-transistor amplifier that provides extremely high gain.

**DC**

Direct current, meaning current flowing in one direction and of a fixed value.

**DEFLECTION YOKE**

Electromagnetic coils around the neck of a cathode-ray tube. One set of coils deflects the electron beam horizontally and the other set deflects the beam vertically.

**DIAGNOSTICS**

A programmed routine for checking circuitry. For example: the self-test is a diagnostic routine.

**DIODE**

A semiconductor device that conducts in only one direction.

**DISCRETE**

Non-integrated components, such as resistors, capacitors, and transistors.

**DMA**

Direct memory access. DMA is a process of accessing memory that bypasses the microprocessor logic. DMA is normally used for transferring data between the input/output ports and memory.

**DOWN TIME**

The period during which a game is malfunctioning or not operating correctly due to machine failure.

**EAROM**

Electrically alterable read-only memory (see ROM). The EAROM is a memory that can be changed by applying high voltage.

**EPROM**

Erasable programmable read-only memory (see ROM).

**FLYBACK**

A step-up transformer used in a display to provide the high voltage.

**GATE**

1. A circuit with one output that responds only when a certain combination of pulses is present at the inputs.
2. A circuit in which one signal switches another signal on and off.
3. To control the passage of a pulse or signal.

**HARNESS**

A prefabricated assembly of insulated wires and terminals ready to be attached to a piece of equipment.

**HEXADECIMAL**

A number system using the equivalent of the decimal number 16 as a base. The symbols 0-9 and A-F are usually used.

**HISTOGRAM**

A special type of bar graph that shows how quantities are distributed. Histograms are included in the self-test of most Atari games, and typically show how long players play that game.

**IC**

Integrated circuit. An electronic circuit in which all elements and the connections are made in or on a single semiconductor substrate. See also *chip*.

**IMPLODE**

To burst inward; the inward collapse of a vacuum tube.

**I/O**

Input/Output.

**IRQ**

Interrupt request. IRQ is a control signal to the microprocessor that is generated by external logic. This signal tells the microprocessor that external logic needs attention. Depending on the program, the processor may or may not respond.

**LED**

The abbreviation for a light-emitting diode.

**LOCKOUT COIL**

Directs coins into the coin return box when there is no power to the game.

**LOGIC STATE**

The binary (1 or 0) value at the node of a logic element or integrated circuit during a particular time. Also called the logic level. The list below shows the voltage levels corresponding to the logic states (levels) in a TTL system.  
*Logic 0, Low* = 0 VDC to +0.8 VDC  
*Grey Area (Tri-State Level)* = +0.8 VDC to +2.4 VDC  
*Logic 1, High* = +2.4 VDC to +5 VDC

**MULTIPLEXER**

A device that takes several low-speed inputs and combines them into one high-speed data stream for simultaneous transmission on a single line.

**NMI**

Non-maskable interrupt. NMI is a request for service by the microprocessor from external logic. The microprocessor cannot ignore this interrupt request.

**PAGE**

A subsection of memory. A read-only memory device (see ROM) is broken into discrete blocks of data. These blocks are called pages. Each block has X number of bytes.

**PCB**

The abbreviation for a printed-circuit board.

**PHOTOTRANSISTOR**

A transistor that is activated by an external light source.

**POTENTIOMETER**

1. A resistor that has a continuously moving contact which is generally mounted on a moving shaft. Used chiefly as a voltage divider. Also called a *pot* (slang).
2. An instrument for measuring a voltage by balancing it against a known voltage.

**RAM**

Random-access memory. A device for the temporary storage of data.

**RASTER-SCAN DISPLAY**

A display system whereby images are displayed by continuously scanning the cathode-ray tube horizontally and vertically with an electron beam. The display system controls the intensity of the electron beam.

**RETRACE**

In a raster-scan display, retrace is the time during which the cathode-ray tube electron beam is resetting either from right to left or from bottom to top.

**RESISTOR**

A device designed to have a definite amount of resistance. Used in circuits to limit current flow or to provide a voltage drop.

**ROM**

Read-only memory. A device for the permanent storage of data.

**SIGNATURE ANALYSIS**

A process of isolating digital logic faults at the component level by means of special test equipment called signature analyzers. Basically, signature analyzers (e.g., the ATARI® CAT Box) convert lengthy bit streams into four-digit hexadecimal signatures. The signature read by the analyzer at each circuit node is then compared with the known good signature for that node. This process continues until a fault is located.

**TROUBLESHOOT**

The process of locating and repairing a fault.

**VECTOR**

A line segment drawn between specific X and Y coordinates on a cathode-ray tube.

**WATCHDOG**

A counter circuit designed to protect the microprocessor from self-destruction if a program malfunction occurs. If a malfunction does occur, the counter applies continuous pulses to the reset line of the microprocessor, which causes the microprocessor to keep resetting.

**X-Y DISPLAY**

A display system whereby images are displayed with vectors.

**ZENER DIODE**

A special diode used as a regulator. Its main characteristic is breaking down at a specified reverse-bias (Zener) voltage.

# **Warranty**

Seller warrants that its printed-circuit boards and parts thereon are free from defects in material and workmanship under normal use and service for a period of ninety (90) days from date of shipment. Seller warrants that its video displays and laser video disc players (in games supplied with displays and video-disc players) are free from defects in material and workmanship under normal use and service for a period of thirty (30) days from date of shipment. None of the Seller's other products or parts thereof are warranted.

If the products described in this manual fail to conform to this warranty, Seller's sole liability shall be, at its option, to repair, replace, or credit Buyer's account for such products which are returned to Seller during said warranty period, provided:

- (a) Seller is promptly notified in writing upon discovery by Buyer that said products are defective;
- (b) Such products are returned prepaid to Seller's plant; and
- (c) Seller's examination of said products discloses to Seller's satisfaction that such alleged defects existed and were not caused by accident, misuse, neglect, alteration, improper repair, installation, or improper testing.

In no event shall Seller be liable for loss of profits, loss of use, incidental or consequential damages.

*Except for any express warranty set forth in a written contract between Seller and Buyer which contract supersedes the terms herein, this warranty is expressed in lieu of all other warranties expressed or implied, including the implied warranties of merchantability and fitness for a particular purpose, and of all other obligations or liabilities on the Seller's part, and it neither assumes nor authorizes any other person to assume for the Seller any other liabilities in connection with the sale of products by Seller.*

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